



Protect Your Investments

An Update from the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission

Tom Manganello July 10, 2021

SEC Disclaimer

The SEC's Office of Investor Education and Advocacy is providing this information as a service to investors. This presentation is not a statement of official SEC policy, a legal interpretation, or investment advice.

I. Overview of the SEC

The SEC's Mission

- Protect Investors
- Maintain Fair, Orderly, and Efficient Markets
- Facilitate Capital Formation



SEC Oversees and Regulates

- > 13,900 investment advisers
- > 10,000 mutual funds and ETFs
- > 7,000 reporting companies
- > 3,600 broker-dealers
 - 640,000 registered representatives
- > 527 municipal advisers
- > 350 transfer agents
- > 24 national securities exchanges
- > 9 credit rating agencies
- > 7 clearing agencies
- Self-regulatory organizations, including FINRA, MSRB, SIPC and PCAOB

Other SEC Responsibilities

- Review disclosures of approximately 7,000 reporting companies
- Examine broker-dealers and other market participants
- Enforce the federal securities laws
 - Collected almost \$4.68 billion from 715 enforcement actions (FY 2020)
 - > \$600 million repaid to harmed investors

Office of Investor Education and Advocacy

- Responds to complaints and inquiries from investors, and provides educational programs and materials
- Processes over 21,000 complaints, questions and other contacts from investors annually
- Investor.gov helps investors make informed investment choices and avoid fraud



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Introduction to Investing Financial Tools & Calculators Protect Your Investments

Additional Resources

Check Out Your INVESTMENT PROFESSIONAL

Individual -

Name or CRD#

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It's a great first step toward protecting your money.

Learn about an investment professional's background, registration status, and more.



About Investment Professionals Investment Products Understanding Fees

Invest For Your Goals Financial Tools and Calculators ICOs and other Digital Assets

II. Noteworthy Updates from the SEC

Accredited Investor

Effective December 2020, the SEC expanded the definition of accredited investor

Accredited investors are relevant when determining who can participate in certain exempt offerings

Accredited Investor

- For individual investors:
 - Earned income that exceeded \$200K (or \$300K with spouse/spousal equivalent) in each of prior two years, and reasonably expects same for current year
 - Has a net worth over \$1 million, either alone or together with spouse/spousal equivalent (excluding primary residence)
 - Holds in good standing a Series 7, 65 or 82 license

Higher Limits for Exempt Offerings

- ➤ In November 2020, the SEC issued final rules to help better facilitate capital formation
- Increased offering limits for exempt offerings
- Exempt offerings provide a way for companies to raise money/sell securities without going through a very involved registration process (i.e., IPO)

Types of Exempt Offerings

- Regulation A
- Securities-based Crowdfunding
- Regulation D
 - Rule 504
 - Rule 506(b)
 - Rule 506(c)

Regulation A

- Public offering you can see securities being offered on TV, radio, print or on the Web
- Limited disclosure requirements
- > Things to consider:
 - Speculative
 - Illiquidity
- > Tier 1 and Tier 2

Regulation A – Tier 1

> A company can raise up to \$20 million

Anyone can invest in a Tier 1 offering

Review the offering circular

Regulation A – Tier 2

- ➤ A company can now raise up to \$75 million (an increase from \$50 million)
- No limits for accredited investors
- ➤ Generally, non-accredited investors limited to 10% of greater of:
 - Annual income
 - Net worth (excluding primary residence)
- Company subject to periodic reporting

Securities-based Crowdfunding



Securities-based Crowdfunding

- Raising money through relatively small contributions from a large number of people
- Companies can now raise up to \$5 million in a 12-month period
- ➤ The offering will likely be undertaken through a Web-based funding portal
- Some risks: speculative and illiquid

Securities-based Crowdfunding

Accredited investors have no limits on investing

Non-accredited investors are subject to investment limitations based on their annual income or net worth

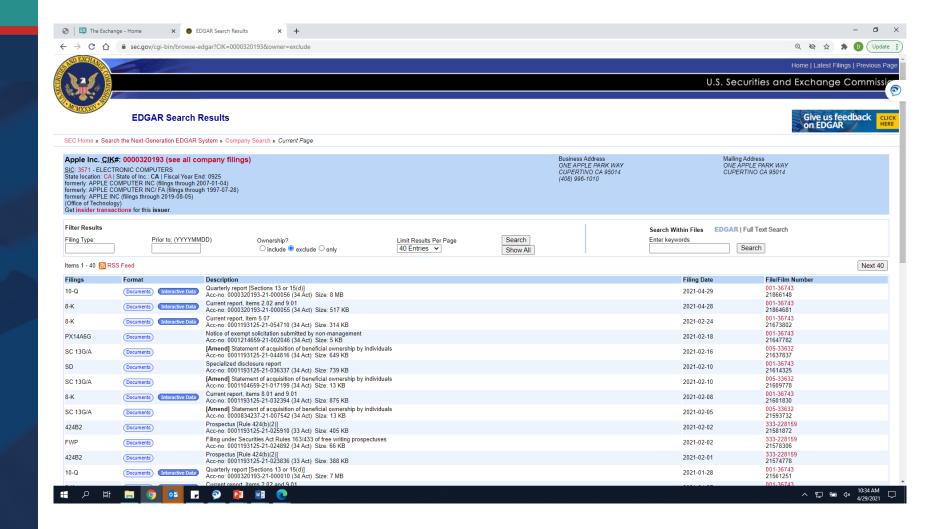
Regulation D

- Rule 504 companies can now raise up to \$10 million from any investor
- Rule 506(b) company can raise an unlimited amount from accredited investors and up to 35 non-accredited
- Rule 506(c) company can raise an unlimited amount and general solicitation allowed but investors can only be accredited

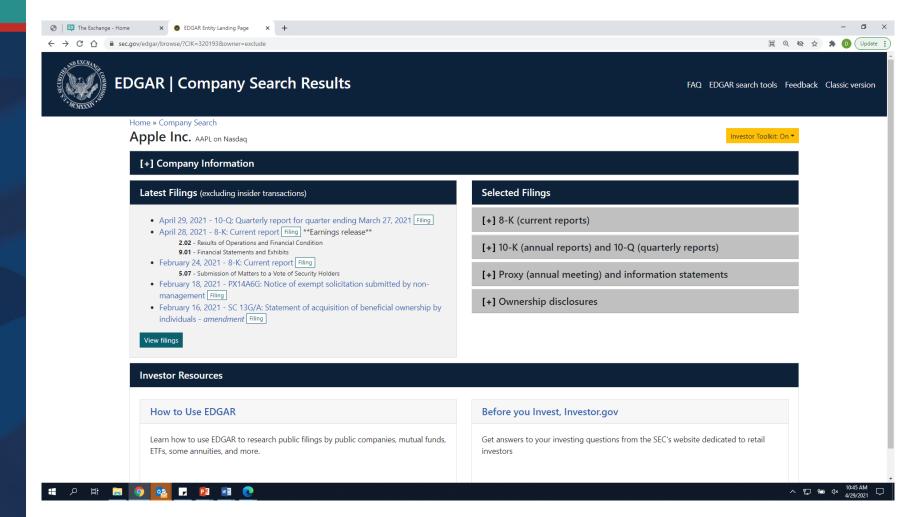
Hot Topic – SPACs

- Special purpose acquisition company
- Latest iteration of what has been called in other times blank check companies
- Invest in the IPO of a shell company and the sponsors will use the proceeds to determine an acquisition target (i.e., a private company to turn public)
- Usual two-year window to find opportunity

Hot Topic – Old EDGAR Company Page

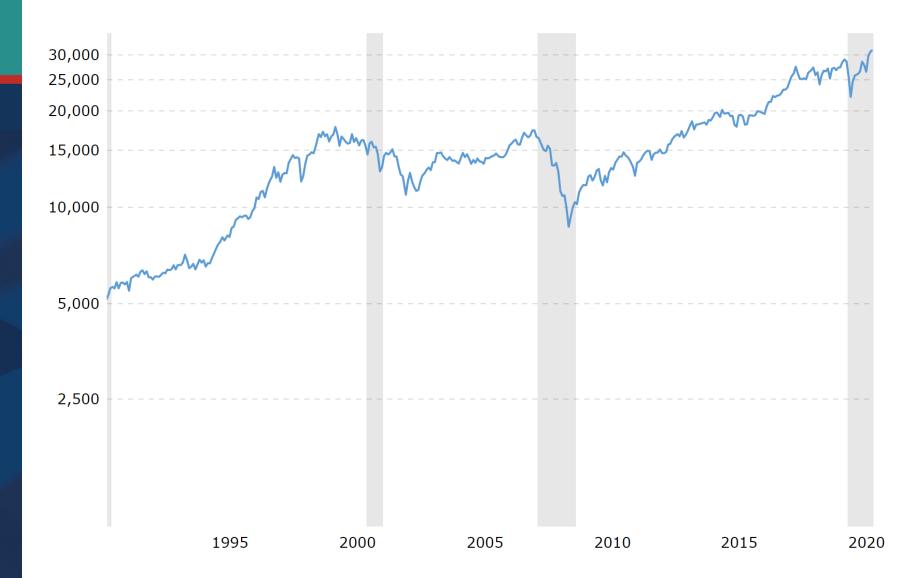


Hot Topic – New EDGAR Company Page



III. Refresher on Investing

Dow Jones Over 30 Years



Why Start Early Exercise

- How long until you expect to retire?
- How much money would you like to have to have at retirement?
- Run the numbers:
 - starting today vs.
 - 10 or 20 years from now

Savings Goal Calculator

Calculate how much money you need to contribute each month in order to arrive at a specific savings goal. You can find out if you're dealing with a registered investment professional with a free simple search on Investor.gov's homepage.

* DENOTES A REQUIRED FIELD Step 1: Savings Goal Savings Goal * Desired final savings. Step 2: Initial Investment Initial Investment * Amount of money you have readily available to invest. Step 3: Growth Over Time Years to Grow * Length of time, in years, that you plan to save. Step 4: Interest Rate Estimated Interest Rate * 7.0 Your estimated annual interest rate Step 5: Compound It **Compound Frequency** Annually Times per year that interest will be compounded. **CALCULATE** RESET

Investor.gov Savings Goal Calculator



All Investments Have...

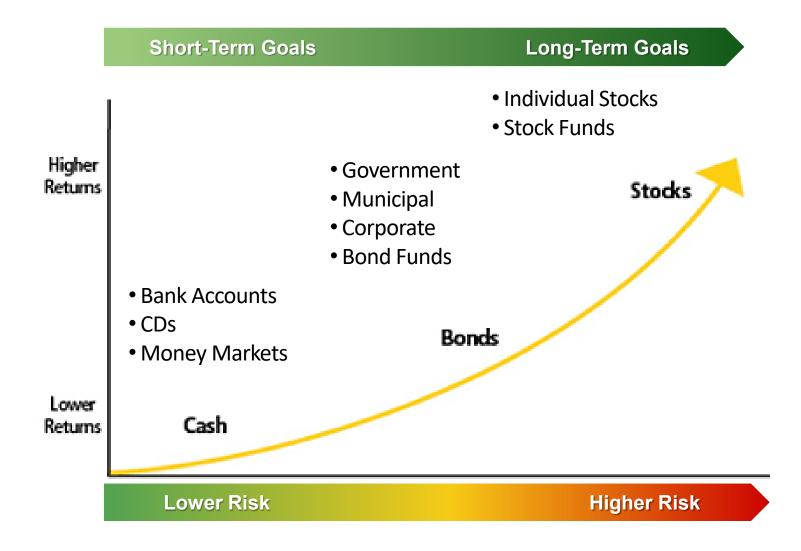


Managing Risk

Manage risk with asset allocation and diversification

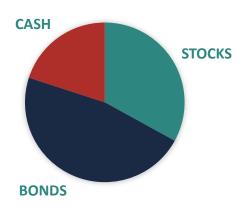


Investment Risks/Returns



What Is Asset Allocation?

Dividing an investment portfolio among different asset categories, such as stocks, bonds, and cash

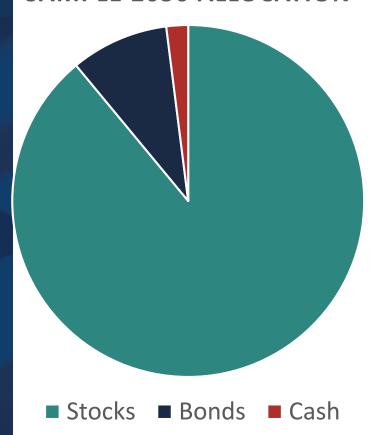




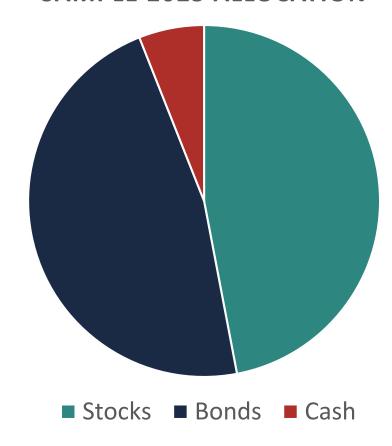


Longer-Term Goals and Shorter-Term Goals

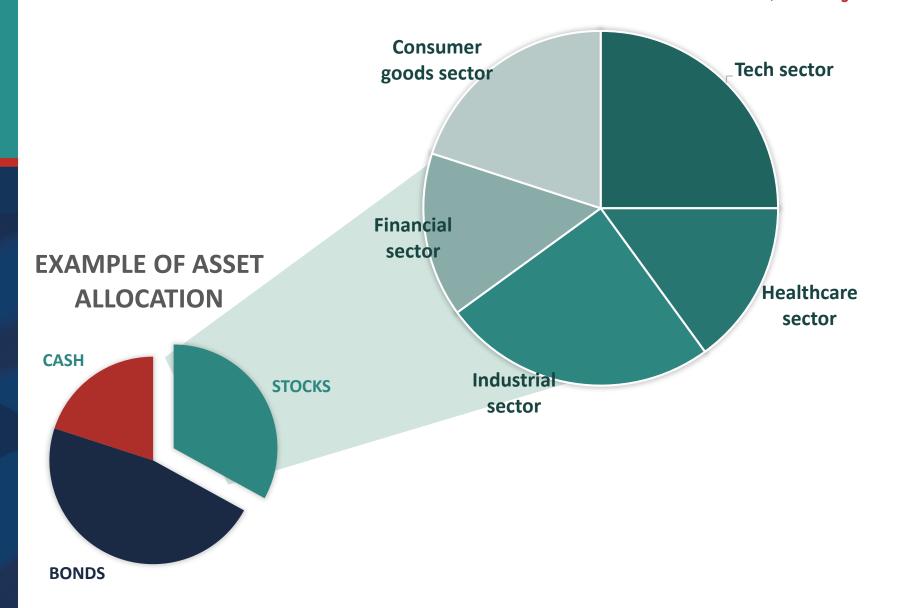
SAMPLE 2050 ALLOCATION



SAMPLE 2025 ALLOCATION



Before You Invest, **Investor.gov**



Diversification



Tax-Advantaged Accounts

Employer-Sponsored Plan	Individual Retirement
401(k) / 403(b) / 457(b)	Account (IRA)

\$19,500 annually **Maximum** contribution

(50+ may add \$6,500)

\$6,000 annually (50+ may add \$1,000)

How it Contributions, possible employer matches, and grows earnings on those contributions

Self-directed account based on contributions and earnings on those contributions

Choice of investments, Investment typically mutual funds options

Can invest in mutual funds, individual stocks and bonds, annuities, certain real estate

Alternative Investments

- Investing outside of traditional investments;
 alternative investments include: cryptocurrencies,
 ICOs, tokens, Bitcoin, private equity/venture capital,
 hedge funds, commodities, and more
- Possible advantages: potential for additional portfolio diversification, hedge against inflation
- Limitations/risks: some are limited to accredited investors (high net worth/income); tend to have fewer regulations and less disclosure; liquidity (ability to sell investment) can be severely limited; can be complex and have high fees

Investing Apps

- Mobile platforms that use technology to help you save and invest at your fingertips
- Some apps allow you to buy or sell securities or get advice on investing
- Make sure your investment app is a registered investment firm – check on

Investor.gov.

Investing Apps

Keep in Mind That

- Fees may seem low, but find out how costs and commissions work
- Human interaction or getting help may be limited to online queries
- These apps may give new investors access to complex or high-risk products or strategies – understand before you invest
- Apps may encourage some to over-trade through gamification of trading and instant notifications on stock moves

Risks of Short-Term Trading Based on Social Media

- Short-term trading in a volatile market can lead to significant losses
- Margin, options or short sales may magnify these risks – you can lose more than you invested
- Keep in mind brokerage firms may be able to reject or limit your transactions
- Stock manipulation can occur on online platforms through the spread of false or misleading information

Timing the Market and Trying to Pick Winners

A Library of Congress study found that:

- Active trading generally results in underperforming the market
- Investors tend to show poor timing, follow trends, and overreact to good and bad news in the market
- Trying to pick individual stocks may leave you inadequately diversified

Studies have shown that missing the best performing days of any given time period can negatively impact your long-term returns

Consider Fees in Investing

Actively-Managed Funds

Often attempt to outperform a specific market index or benchmark

Index Funds



Attempt to track the performance of a specific market index or benchmark

FINRA Fund Analyzer



www.finra.org/fundanalyzer

Recent Investor.gov Bulletins:

- Leveraged Investing Strategies
- Understanding Margin Accounts
- Environmental, Social and Governance Funds (ESG Funds)
- Social Isolation and the Risk of Investment Fraud
- How to Read an 8-K
- SPACs: What You Need to Know
- Publicly Traded Business Development Companies (BDCs)

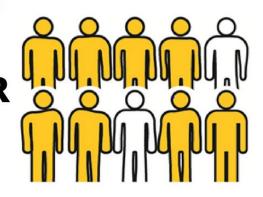
IV. Investment Fraud

Financial Fraud Prevalence

MORE THAN 8

IN 10

SOLICITED FOR POTENTIALLY FRAUDULENT OFFERS



Source: Financial Fraud Research Center. Scams Schemes & Swindles: A Research Review of Consumer Financial Fraud (2011).



\$50 BILLION
PER YEAR
LOST TO
FRAUD

Persuasion Tactics of Fraudsters



Source: FINRA Investor Education Foundation

Pump-and-Dumps

- Involve the hyping ("pump") of a company's stock through false or misleading statements
- Typically involve "penny-stock" or "microcap" companies
- Pitch to buy stock quickly
- Once fraudsters "dump" their shares at the pumped-up price, the price falls and investors lose their money

Ponzi Schemes

- Scammer pays existing investors with funds from new investors
- Often promises high returns with little or no risk, or overly consistent returns
- Secretive, complex strategies
- Unregistered sellers and investments

Pyramid Schemes

- Emphasis on recruiting others to join, rather than on selling a genuine product or service
- Promises of easy money, passive income, or high returns quickly
- No demonstrated revenue from retail sales
- Complex commission/compensation structure

Investment Newsletters

- While legitimate newsletters may contain useful information, others are tools for fraud
- Fraudsters may lie about the payments they receive and their track records
- They may claim to offer unbiased recommendations when they stand to profit
- Newsletters advertised on legitimate websites may also be fraudulent

Beware of Government Impersonators

- Scammer may pose as SEC or other government employee
- SEC does not endorse investment offers, assist in purchase/sale of securities or participate in money transfers
- SEC does not make unsolicited communications seeking detailed personal and financial information

Affinity Fraud

- Affinity frauds target members of identifiable groups
- Fraudsters often are members of the group or pretend to be
- Always "Ask and Check" even if you know the person making the investment offer
- Remember: the person telling you about the investment might have been scammed



Groups Targeted



Includes:

Seniors/Retirees

Ethnic Communities

Military Personnel

Professional Athletes

Federal Employees

Religious Groups

V. Tips to Avoid Fraud

Red Flags of Fraud

 Sounds too good to be true, such as promises of high returns with little or no risk



- Pressure to buy RIGHT NOW
- Lack of documentation, such as:
 - No public filings
 - No statements
 - No prospectus
- Unlicensed or unregistered salesperson

Check Any Investment Professional

Check on Investor.gov:

- License/registration
- Employment history
- Important disclosures

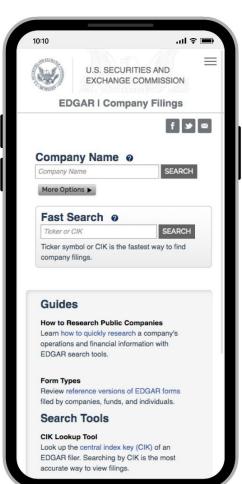


Research Any Investment Product

Check EDGAR:

Is the product registered with the SEC?

- Scams often involve unregistered companies
- EDGAR has important information about companies



Other Steps to Protect Yourself

- Verify anyone claiming to be from the government (call the agency)
- Don't pay for investments with credit cards, gift cards, or wires sent overseas
- Don't speak to unknown salespeople and if you do, never share any personal information
- Don't pay an upfront fee in order to claim proceeds, stock, or winnings

Secure Your Online Account



SEC Resources



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Introduction to Investing Financial Tools & Calculators

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Additional Resources

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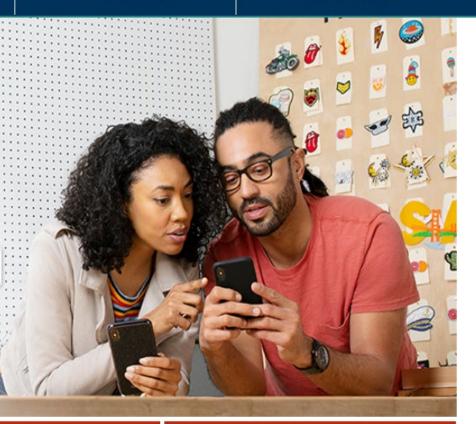
Individual -

Name or CRD#

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It's a great first step toward protecting your money.

Learn about an investment professional's background, registration status, and more.



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Understanding Fees

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- Social Isolation and the Risk of Investment Fraud
- How to Use the Investor Professional Search Tool on Investor.gov
- Excessive Trading at Investors' Expense
- Investment-Related Radio Programs Used to Defraud
- Five Red Flags of Investment Fraud

Report Suspected Investment Fraud to the SEC

Use the SEC's online tip, complaint, and referral system at www.sec.gov/tcr



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