"AAII Strategies" By Randy Olsen Sept 2017

Economic overview

Review of Modern Portfolio Theory

Typical average human "emotional" trading

Can the S&P be beaten?

Mathematical (not emotional) timing of S&P

- Cloning hedge funds
- AAII Strategies

Details of how to make this practical and affordable

Further work use Portfolio123 for backtesting

Presenter is not a financial professional

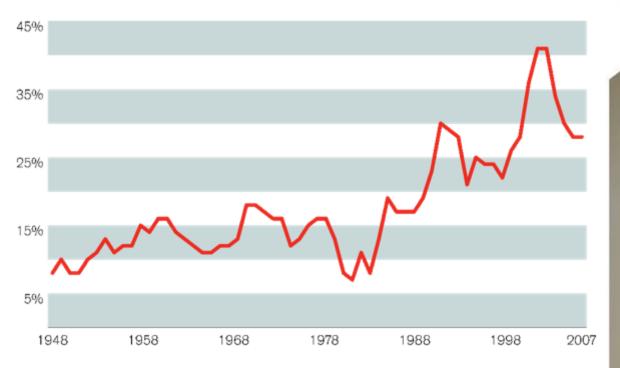
Physicist (not a financial analyst)

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MONEY DISTORTED INFORMATION ABOUT INVESTING MAKES FIGURING OUT THE TRUTH MUCH HARDER THAN PHYSICS

FINANCIAL-INDUSTRY PROFITS AS A SHARE OF U.S. BUSINESS PROFITS





OVERHAULING ECONOMIC THEORY HTTP:// www.debtdeflation.com/blogs/debunking-economics

- Mainstream Economic Theory
 - Static (Equilibrium)
 - Does not understand that bank loans create money (e.g. home equity loans)
 - Does not predict economic cycles (booms and busts)

- Steve Keen's Theory
 - Dynamic
 - Does understand that banks create money
 - Predicts economic cycles



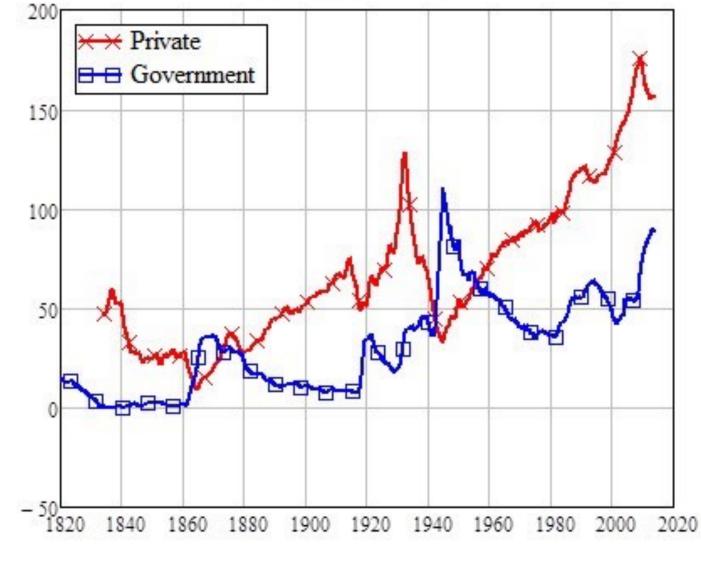
Predicted the Crash before it happened, 2005

- Massive private debt is the problem, even more so than the government debt
- The trend was unsustainable

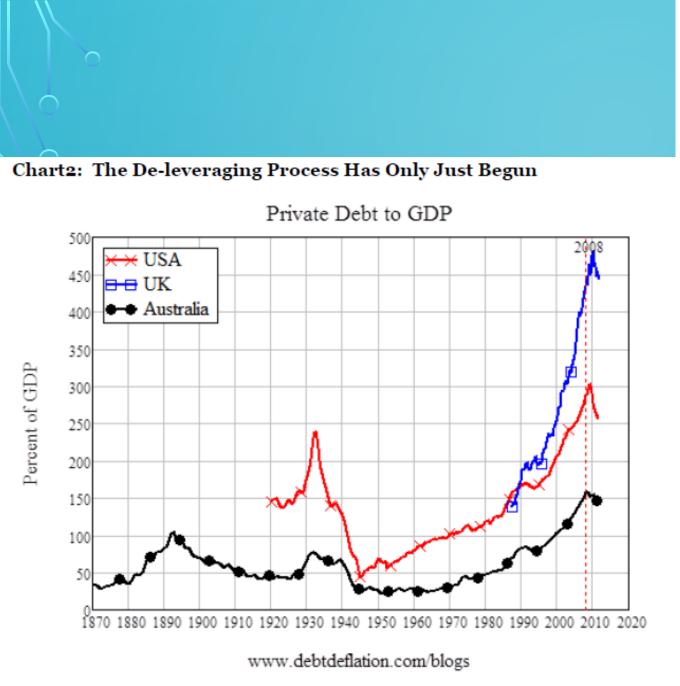
Percent of GDP

 The crash occurred when private creation of money contracted

Debt in the USA



www.debtdeflation.com/blogs



★ Debt Ratio E E 1930s Deleveraging (9.5% p.a.) Current trend (7.8% p.a.) n, τ ĭ920 www.debtdeflation.com/blogs

Percent of GDP

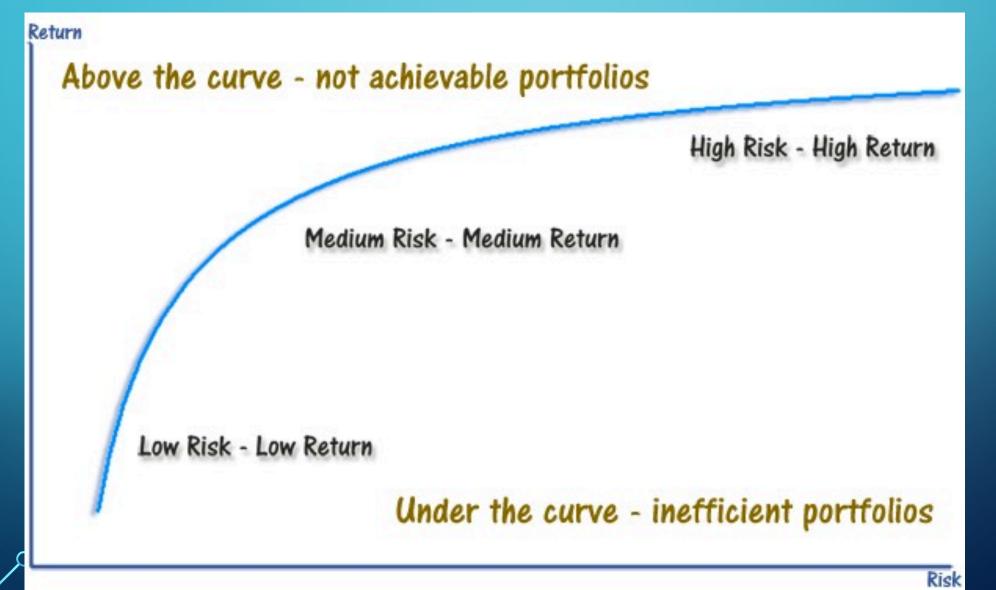
Deleveraging in the Great Depression and Now

The Nikkei 225 and Post-Bubble Rallies

Daily closes with interim highs and lows noted



MODERN PORTFOLIO THEORY (CIRCA 1973)

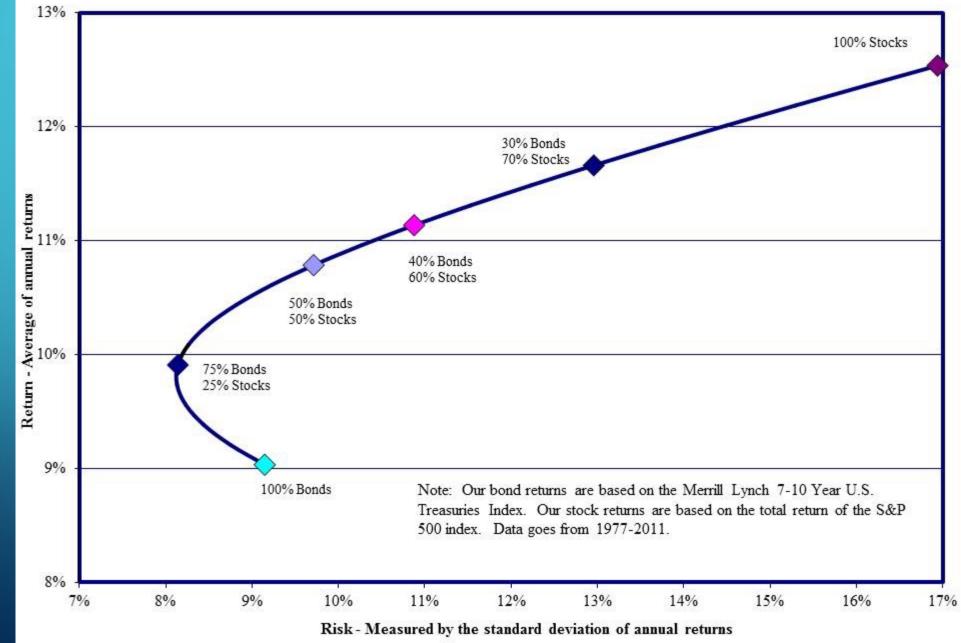


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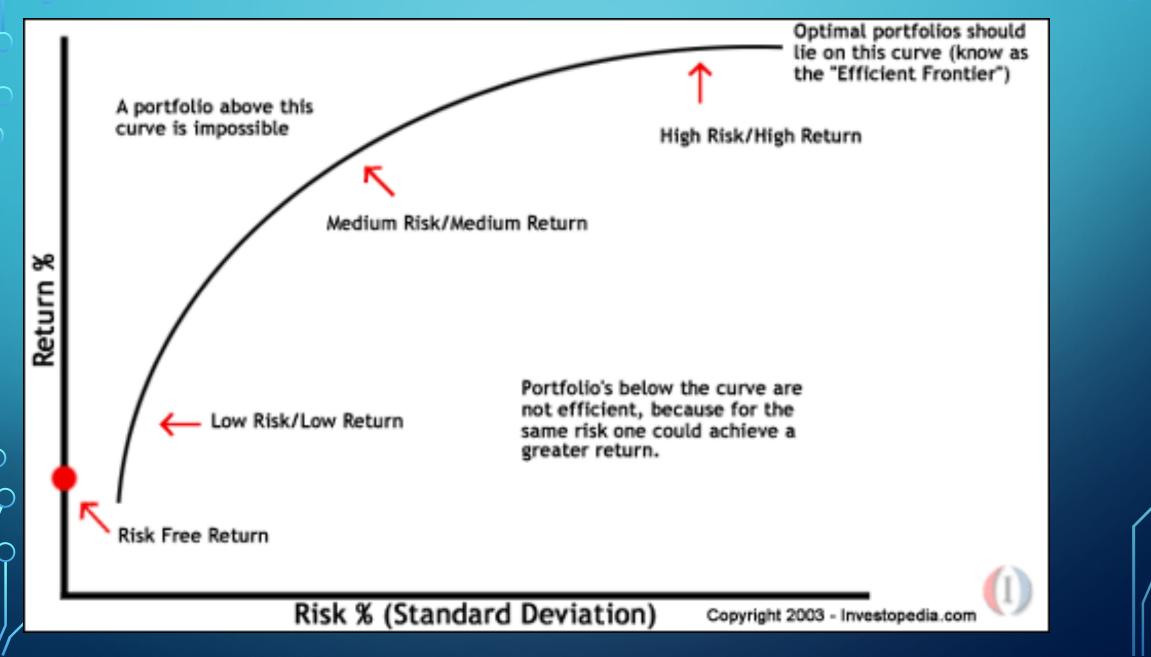
An Efficient Frontier

The Power of Diversification

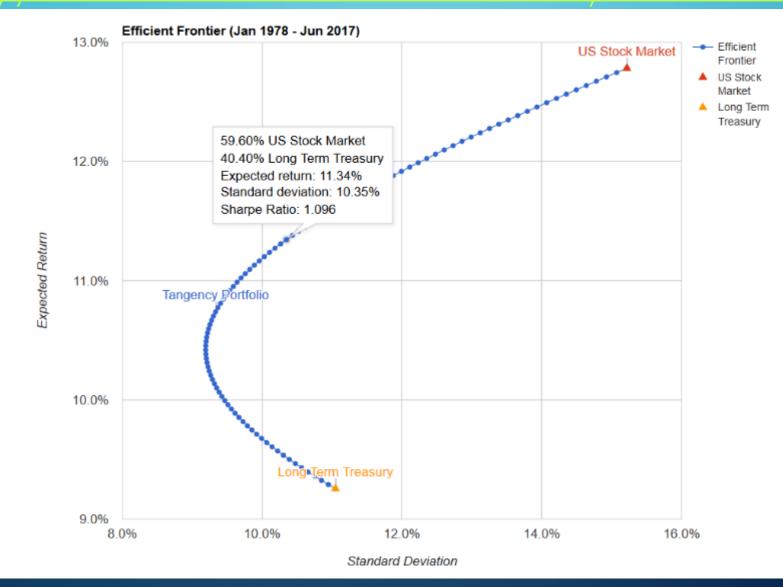
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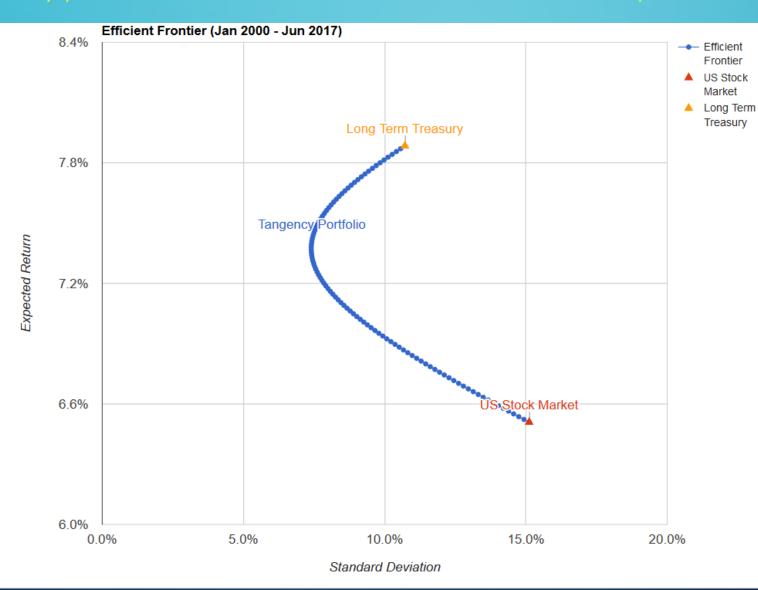
MODERN PORTFOLIO THEORY



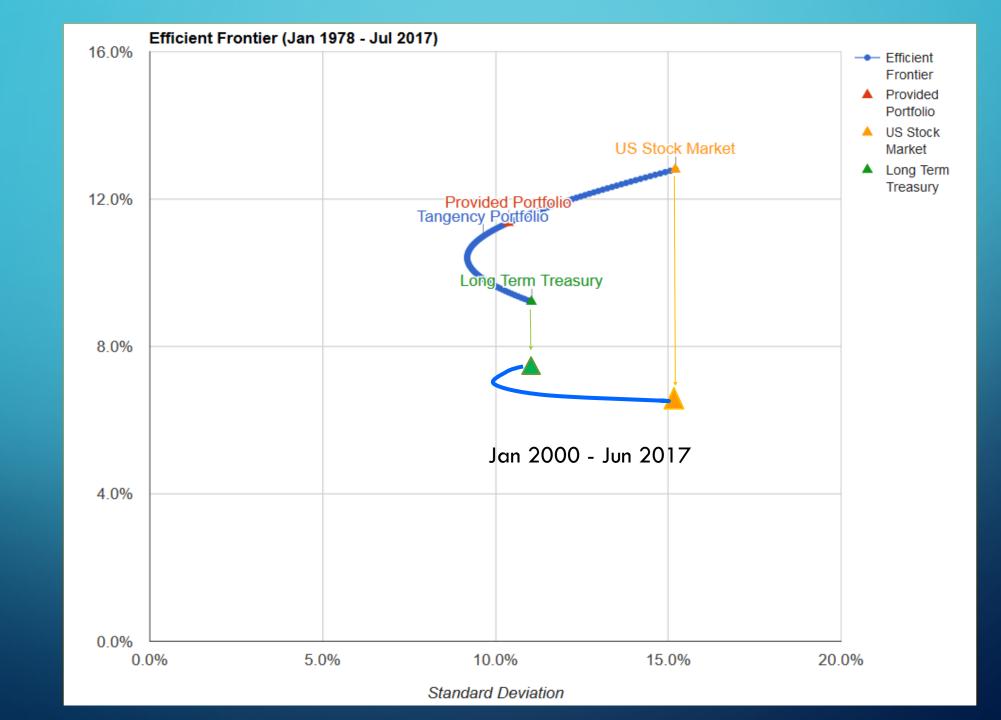
EFFICIENT FRONTIER (JAN 1978 - JUN 2017) https://www.portfoliovisualizer.com/efficient-frontier



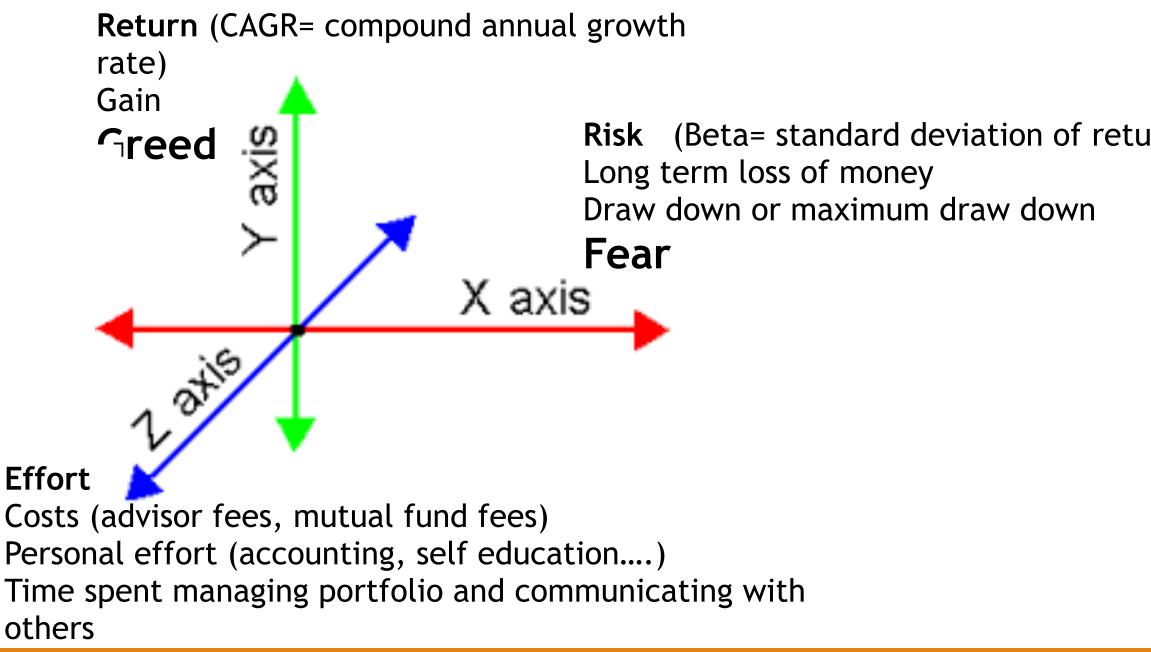
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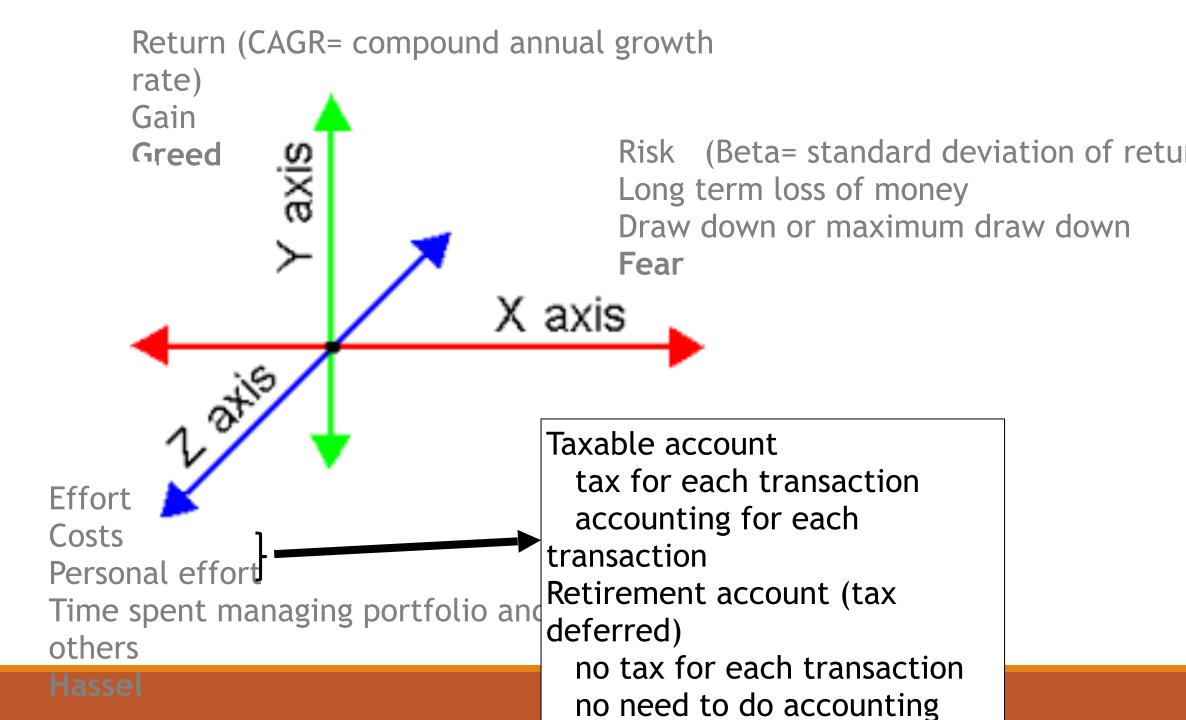


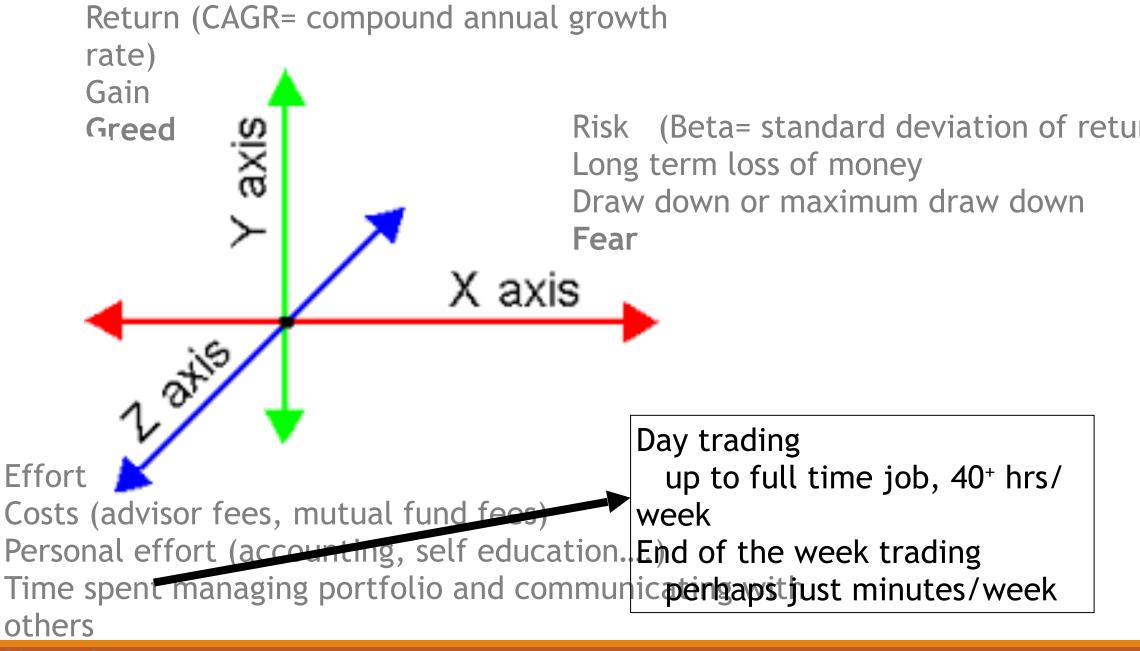


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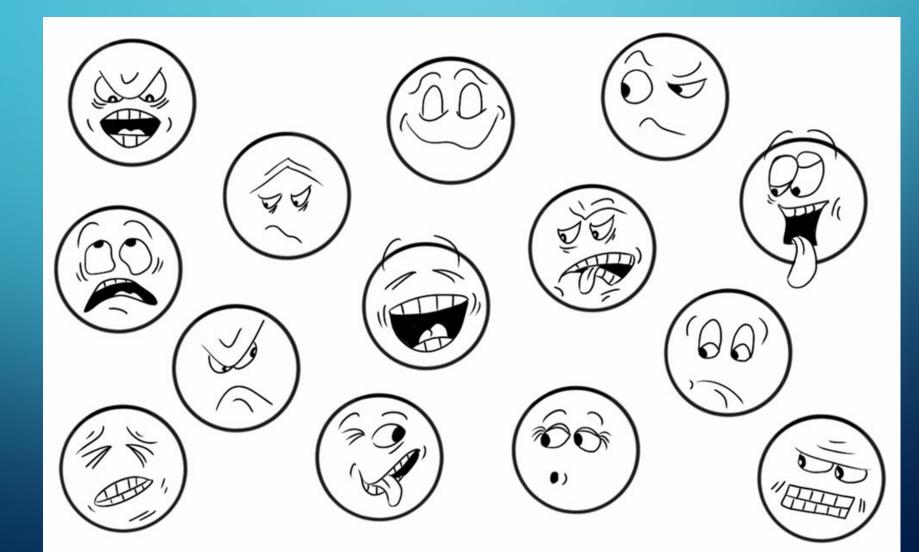
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BAD TRADING: EMOTIONAL



"Average Investor" (Emotional)

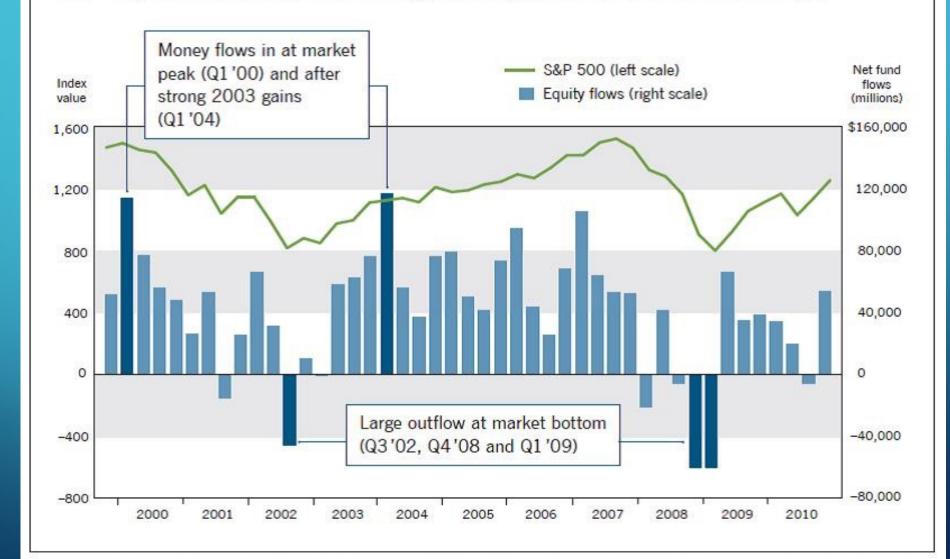
Can't stick to buy and hold

Chases Dot com stocks at the market top then panics a couple years later after the Nasdaq crashes

Dalbar Study

Morningstar study

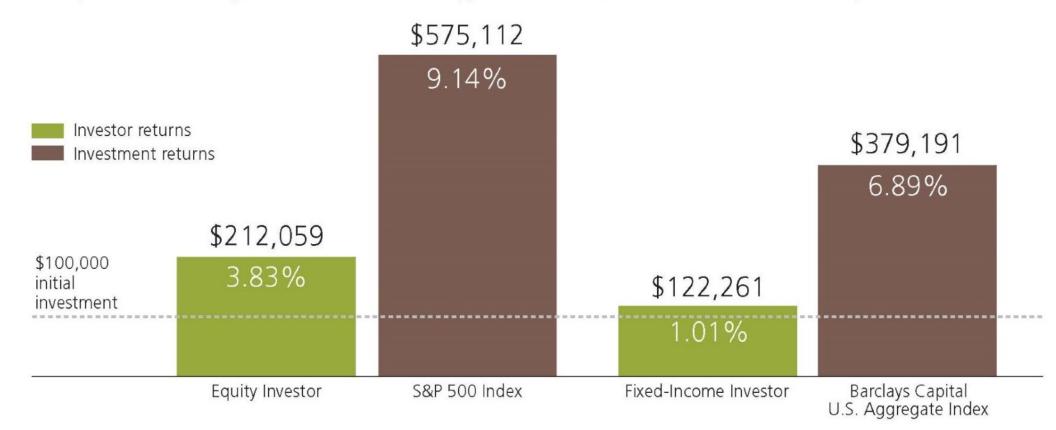
The impact of rising and falling stock prices on investor behavior



Sources: Index data — Standard & Poor's; equity flows data — Strategic Insight, based on flows into domestic/international equity funds and ETFs.

DALBAR Quantitative Analysis of Investor Behavior

Ending values and average annual total returns of hypothetical \$100,000 initial investments for 20 years ended 12/31/10



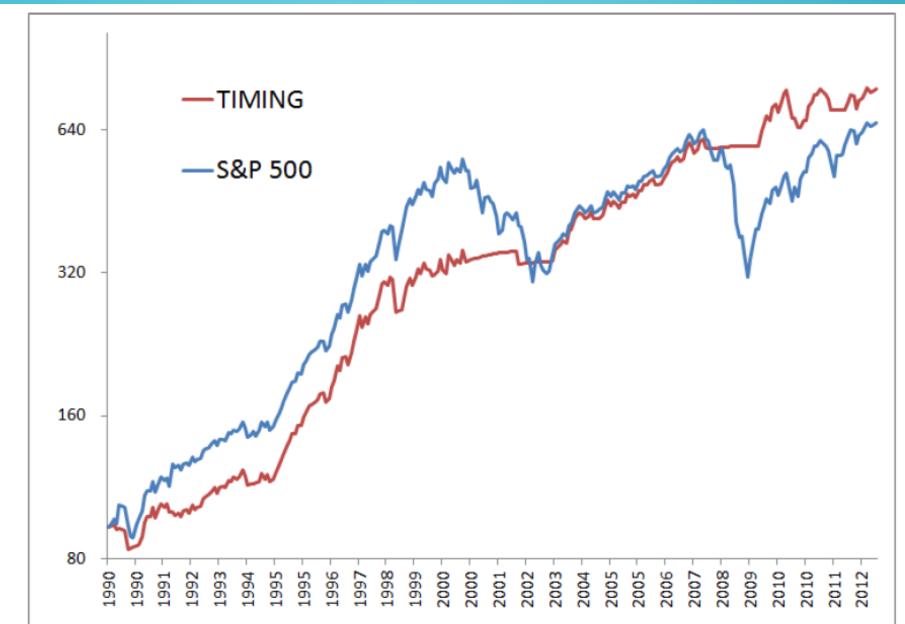
Source: DALBAR (average equity and fixed-income investors data). DALBAR uses data from the Investment Company Institute, Standard & Poor's and Barclays Capital index products to compare mutual fund investor behavior with an appropriate set of benchmarks. These behaviors are then used to simulate the "average investor." Hypothetical equity and fixed-income investor investments are based on average annual total returns. The indexes are unmanaged, and their results include reinvested dividends and/or distributions but do not reflect the effect of sales charges, commissions, account fees, expenses or taxes.

Is it possible to outperform the S&P 500?

Yes

Example 1 simple 200 DMA crossing Meb Faber
1D/200D (but only last day of the month)
Example 2 50D/200D moving average crossing
Example 3 Cloning hedge funds
Example 4 AAII Strategies

SSRN-ID962461.PDF MEB FABER A QUANTITATIVE APPROACH TO TACTICAL ASSET ALLOCATION





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HTTPS://WWW.PORTFOLIOVISUALIZER.COM/EXAMPLES#MOVINGAVERAGES 10-MONTH SIMPLE MOVING AVERAGE (SMA) FROM 1990 ONWARDS.

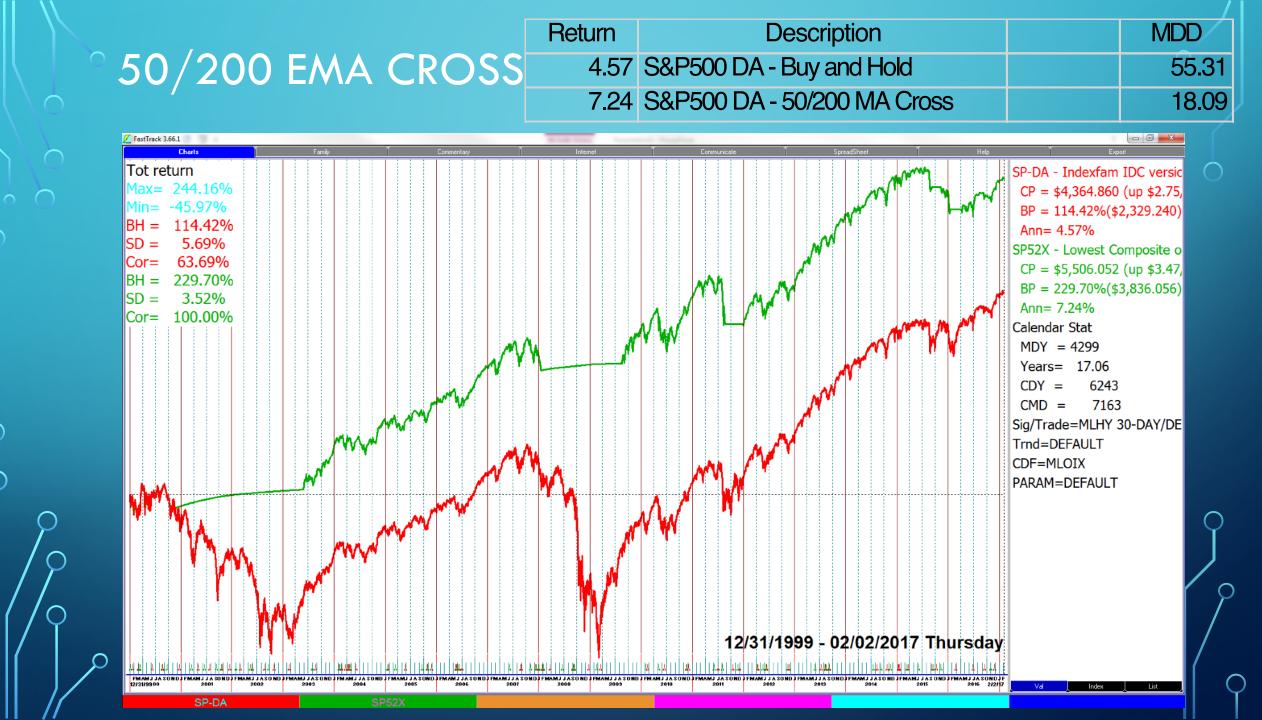
Portfolio	Initial Balance	Final Balance	CAGR	Stdev	Best Year	Worst Year	Max. Drawdown	Sharpe Ratio	Sortino Ratio
Timing Portfolio	\$10,000	\$128,815	9.68%	10.21%	37.45%	-14.48%	-16.77% 🕄	0.69	1.07
Buy & Hold Portfolio	\$10,000	\$122,409	9.48%	14.29%	37.45%	-37.02%	-50.97% 🕄	0.52	0.75

B Save timing model »



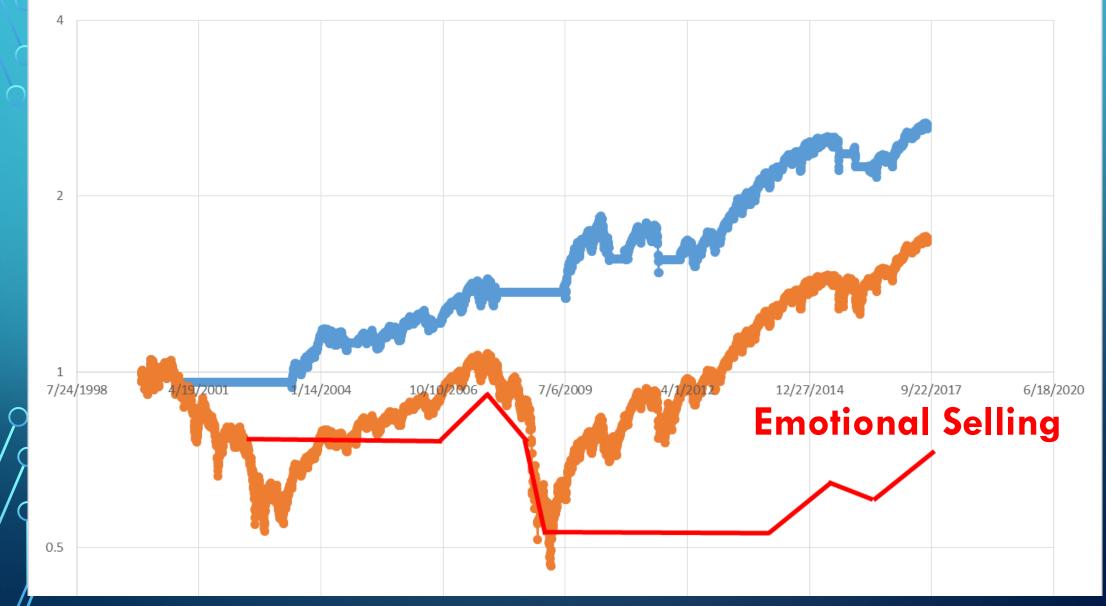
☑ Logarithmic scale □ Inflation adjusted

Portfolio Balance (\$)



EMOTIONAL SELLING

50D/200D Timing vs Emotional Selling

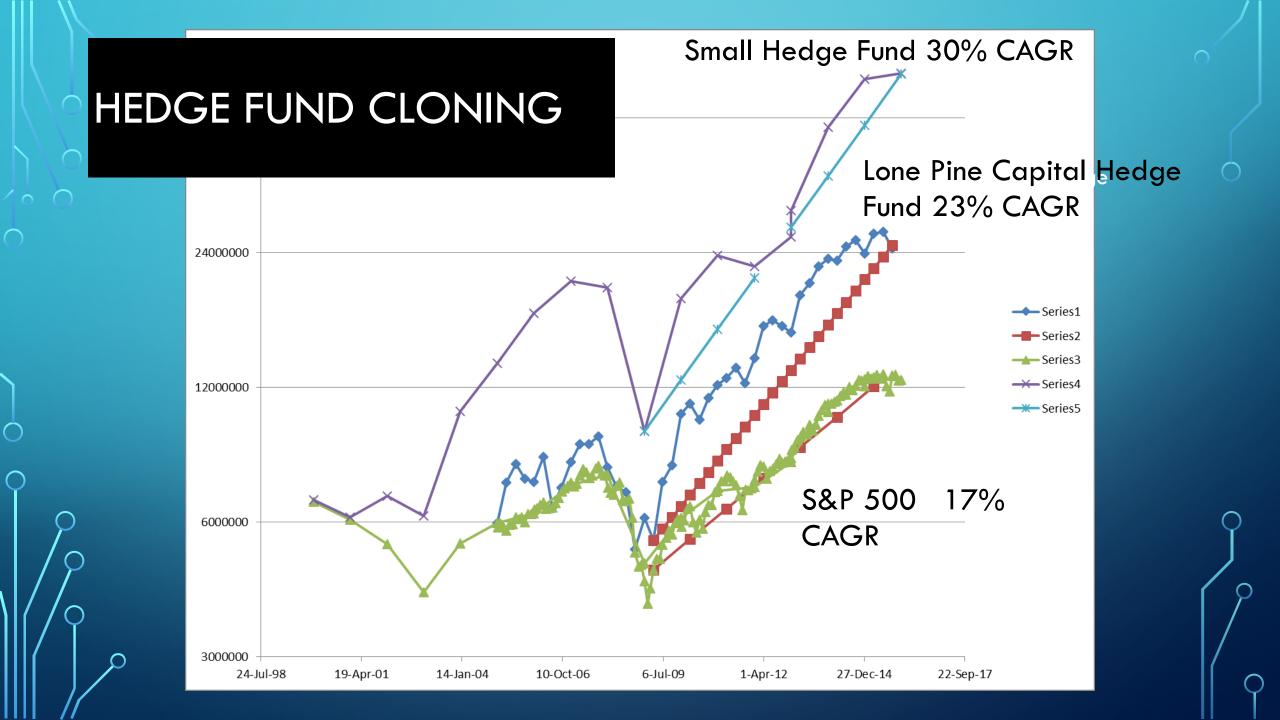


HTTP://WWW.PHILOSOPHICALECONOMICS.COM/2016/01/MOVINGAVERAGE/ MARKET TIMING PAPER Comprehensive Backtest

MONTHLY MOVING AVERAGE (MMA)	EXCESS	ANN TR	WIN % ON ANN TR					
TIMING STRATEGY	vs. X/Y	vs. RISK	vs. X/Y	vs. RISK				
U.S. EQUITIES, 1871 - 2015	1.5%	0.5%	100.0%	66.7%				
U.S. FACTOR INDICES, 1928 - 2015	0.9%	-0.4%	93.3%	23.3%				
30 U.S. INDUSTRIES, 1928 - 2015	1.0%	-0.2%	83.3%	43.3%				
10 U.S. SECTORS, 1928 - 2015	1.1%	-0.4%	100.0%	40.0%				
FOREIGN EQUITIES USD, 1971 - 2015	2.5%	1.9%	89.6%	74.0%				
FOREIGN EQUITIES LOCAL CCY, 1971 - 2015	1.5%	1.4%	77.4%	74.2%				
FOREIGN EQUITIES LOCAL CCY, 1901 - 1971	1.7%	0.0%	87.5%	37.5%				
GLOBAL CURRENCIES, 1973 - 2015	1.5%	1.6%	90.9%	86.4%				
FIXED INCOME, 1928 - 2015	0.4%	-0.3%	63.6%	9.1%				
COMMODITIES, 1947 - 2015	3.4%	3.2%	100.0%	100.0%				
100 LARGEST S&P 500 STOCKS, 1963 - 2015	-1.5%	-3.4%	27.0%	12.0%				
BUBBLE ROADKILL SAMPLE, 1981 - 2015	3.8%	10.3%	71.4%	90.5%				
ALL INDICES TESTED	1.6%	0.9%	87.6%	59.0%				
ALL SECURITIES & INDICES TESTED	0.9%	0.3%	69.6%	47.6%				

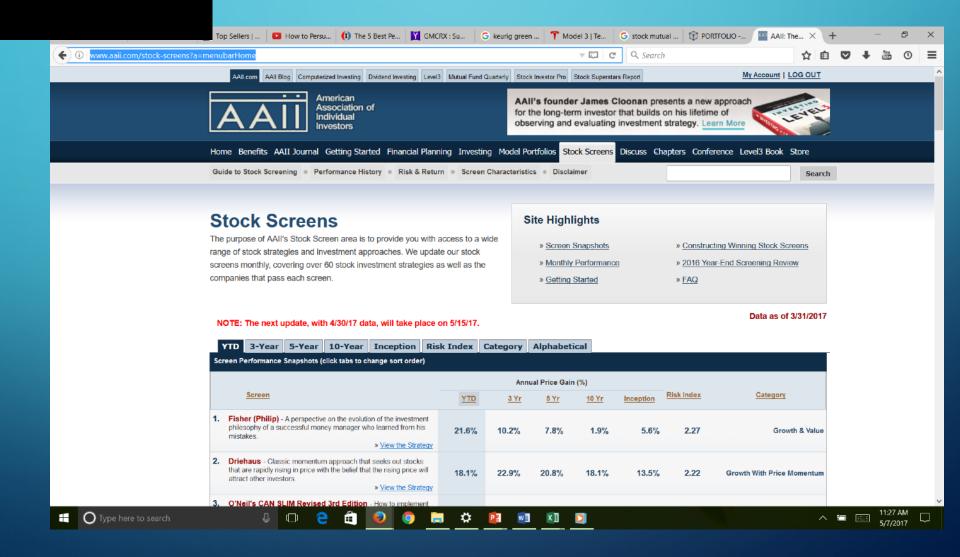
The performance is <u>excellent</u> in all categories except the individual S&P 500 stock category,

Performance is excellent in all categories except the individual S&P stock category



HTTP://WWW.AAII.COM/STOCK-SCREENS?A=MENUBARHOME

AAll Strategies



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١	TD	3-Year	5-Year	10-Year	Inception	Risk Index	Category	Alphabet	ical			
Scr	een Pe	erformance	Snapshots ((click tabs to cl	hange sort ordei	r)						
							An	nual Price Gair	n (%)			
		<u>Screen</u>				YTD	<u>3 Yr</u>	<u>5 Yr</u>	<u>10 Yr</u>	Inception	isk Index	<u>Category</u>
1.	Est F estim) Up - Introdu	uction to the use	e of earnings » <u>View the Strat</u>	11.5%	16.7%	18.5%	21.2%	23.3%	1.82	Earnings E
2.	Est F	Rev: Up 5%	- Introductio	n to the use of e	earnings estimates » <u>View the Stra</u> t		10.4%	12.4%	18.3%	23.3%	1.77	Earnings E
3.			7: Tiny Tital storical long-1	-	nessy tries to pred » <u>View the Strat</u>	-3.2%	4.5%	17.3%	5.4%	21.8%	1.91	Value With Price Mo
4.	stock	to see if it's		establish basic	rice-to-book-value financial criteria to » <u>View the Stra</u> t	-8.7%	-17.0%	16.7%	13.7%	21.5%	2.08	
5.	funda	amental and t			bines both companies with » <u>View the Stra</u> t	2.7%	10.7%	15.8%	15.4%	21.3%	1.93	Growth With Price Mo
6.	the fa	athers of in-de	-	analysis, Graha	- Credited as one m's approach » <u>View the Strat</u>	-4.1%	17.7%	8.5%	14.4%	19.2%	1.78	
7.				screen that tries real market envi	to interpret and a ironment. » <u>View the Strat</u>	-0.2%	17.8%	19.1%	15.1%	18.9%	1.44	Growth & Value W M

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observing and evaluating investment strategy. Learn More



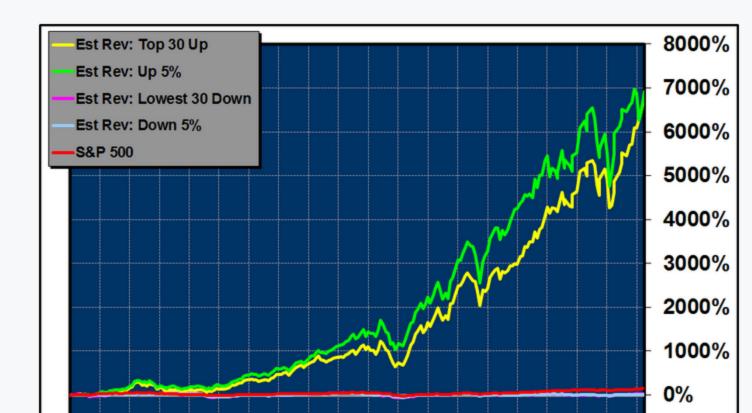
Home Benefits AAII Journal Getting Started Financial Planning Investing Model Portfolios Stock Screens Discuss Chapters Conference Level3 Book S Guide to Stock Screening Performance History Risk & Return Screen Characteristics Disclaimer

Est Rev: Top 30 Up

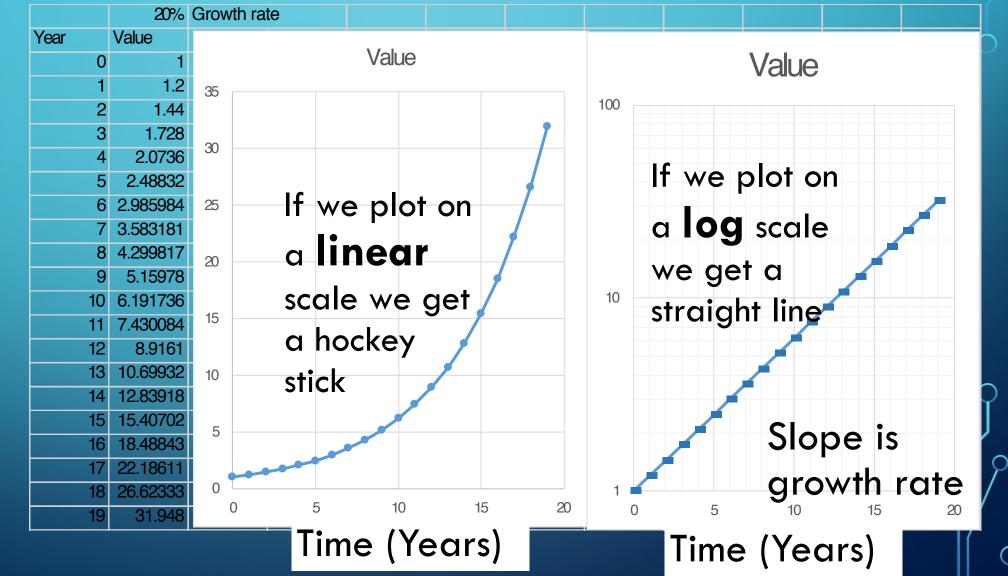
» Printer-friendly

How often have you heard of a stock price falling on the announcement of increased earnings? Or, in these times, an Internet stock leaping up after reporting negative earnings per share? In these instances, actual earnings did not turn out as expected. And, like the presidential primaries, expectations play a key role in determining if a stock's price "gains" or "loses" when actual earnings are reported.

Investors quickly learn that the market is forward-looking. Security prices are established through expectations, and prices change as these expectations change or are proven incorrect. In the last 10 years, we have seen a significant increase in the services that track and analyze expected earnings per share estimates. Performance Passing Companies Screening Criteria Chart

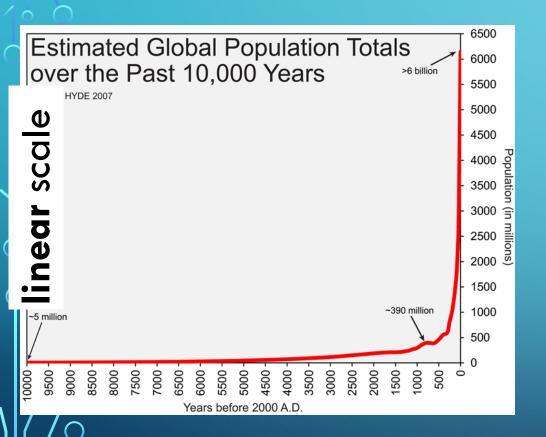


WHY USE A LOG SCALE? STOCKS TEND TO GROW EXPONENTIALLY



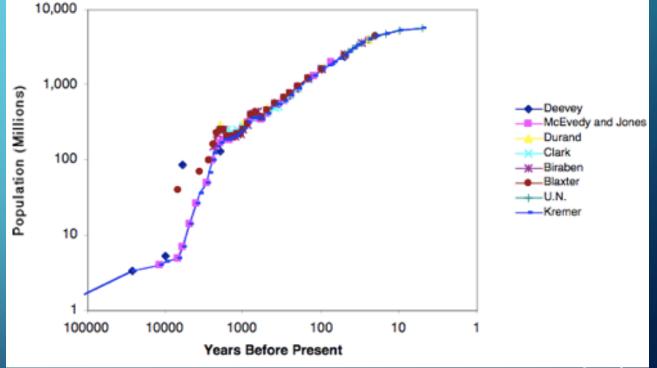
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EXAMPLE HUMAN POPULATION VS TIME



scale (logarithm 5 0

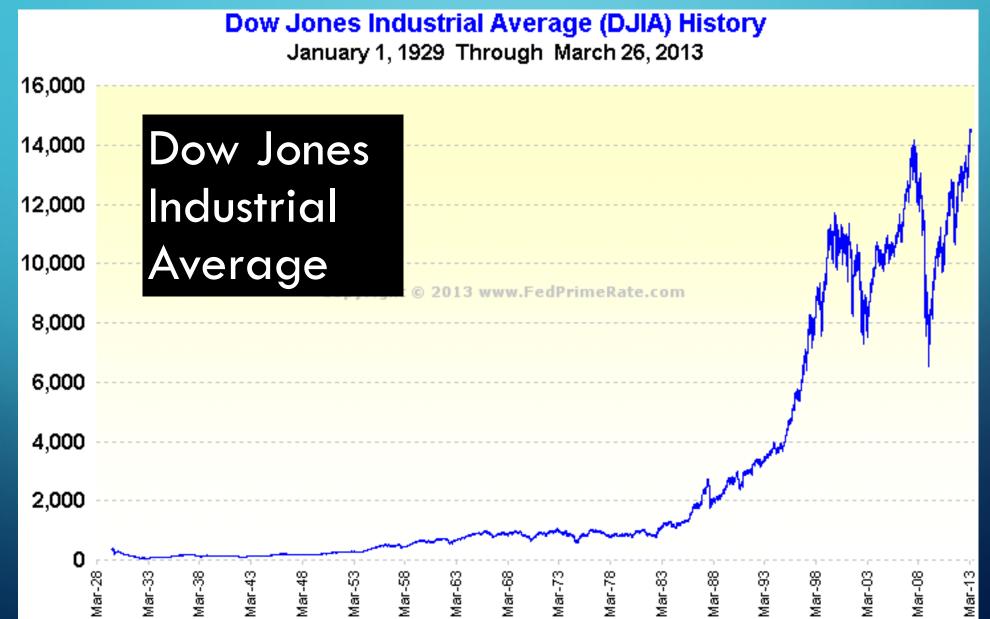




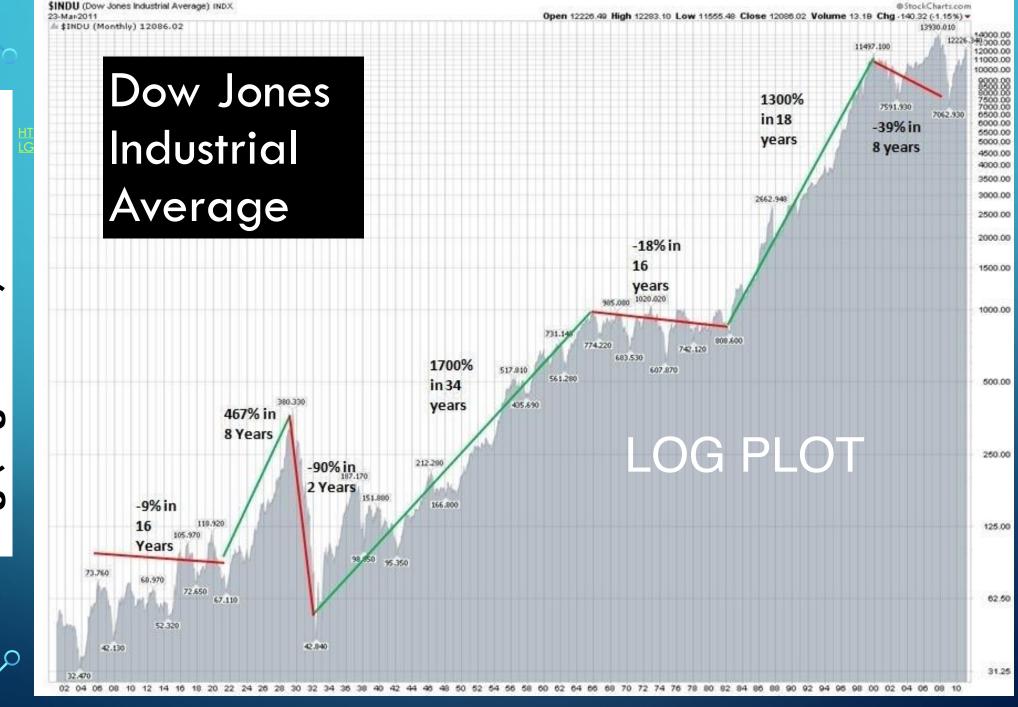
LINEAR PLOT

scale

linear



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og (logarithm) scale

HTTP://WWW.AAII.COM/STOCK-SCREENS/PERFORMANCE

www.aaii.com/stock-screens/performance										6	7%	C	Q	Sear	ch			☆ 自		You Huba	0
	AAII.com AAII Blog Computerized I	nvesting	Dividend	Investing	Level3	Mutual Fun	d Quarter!	y Stock I	Investor Pr	o Stock :	Superstars	s Report			Му Асс	ount LO	<u>G OUT</u>		-		-
	America Associa Investor	an Ition of Ial					AAII for th	's found the long-t erving an	ler Jam erm inve	es Cloc	nan pr it builds	esents s on his	lifetim	e of		CALLER THE REAL					
	Home Benefits AAII Journal Gett	ing Start	ted Fin	ancial Plar	nning	Investing	Model	Portfolio	s Stock	c Screen	s Discu	ıss Cha	pters	Confer	ence	Level3 Bo	ook				
	Guide to Stock Screening Performa	nce Histo	ory • R	lisk & Retu	ım •	Screen Ch	aracteris	tics • [Disclaime	r			_		-		Search				
	Performance His Before following any AAII stock screer performance. Understand that the sci our own interpretation of popular inve That being said, our screen tracking r the table below. Note: Click on the column headers to	n, we rec reen port estment a results ar	commer tfolios ti approac ire quite specific	hat we pre hes. Impressi	esent a Ive. Co	are merely mplete pe	comput erformar	ter-genei nce statis	rated list	s, based	erLin	N M	onthly (nnual P er lin	Cumulativ erformai ks	ie Perfo	ormance (
	available by clicking on the question	mark ico	ons.																		
															Data	a as of 3/3	31/2017				
	Performance of All Stock Scree	ns																			
	Value What is a Value Screen?								rice Gain												
	<u>Strategy</u>	YTD	2016	2015 20	014 20	013 201	2 2011				007 20	06 20	05 20	04 20	03 2	002 <u>Ann</u>	ualized				
																T	otal*				
	Cash Rich Firms	_				36.6 10.	_										8.8				
	Dogs of the Dow Dogs of the Dow: Low Priced 5					27.9 9. 34.5 15.							-				2.7				
	Fundamental Rule of Thumb					46.1 -6.											11.4				
	Graham-Defensive Investor	_				33.9 18.							_	_			13.5				
	(Non-Utility)	-2.0	22.0	-1.1 -1	0.1	33.3 10.	5 7.0	51.4	51.5	-32.0 2	20.0 2	0.0 20			2.1	5.1	10.0				
	GrahamDefensive Investor (Utility)	6.3	13.5	-5.1 1	6.0	10.0 1.:	2 8.6	4.6	7.9	-18.4	1.8 2	9.4 18	.5 1	6.2 1	6.6 -1	15.9	7.3				
	GrahamEnterprising Investor Revised	-4.1	25.8	1.2 4	1.9	2.1 -4.	9 -4.1	32.9	168.4	-22.6 2	29.4 3	4.5 48	.2 1	0.2 5	0.1	2.2	19.2				
	Magic Formula	0.1	16.1	-13.1 -1	6.5	27.9 7.	9 -30.6	26.6	97.0	-36.3	-5.6 2	7.9 -9	.2	6.5 6	6.6	6.3	7.5				
	O'Shaughnessy: Value	4.5	16.5	-12.5 -	5.8	29.6 20.	3 -11.2	2 7.4	31.5	-49.1	-4.2 2	4.4 2	2 2	0.2 4	7.2 -1	12.1	4.3				
	Piotroski: High F-Score	-8.7	24.4	-40.5 -	0.3 13	37.6 91.	7 -36.4	138.8	34.6	-35.3	1.8	8.1 37	.8 3	7.7 13	1.6	7.6	21.5				
	Price-to-Free-Cash-Flow	0.8	22.6	0.3 1	2.4	97.8 1.	1 -7.0	39.2	147.2	-41.5 -2	21.2 2	6.6 10	.6 3	0.9 6	1.7 1	13.6	18.1				
	Schloss	-17.2	-4.4	-20.4 -	5.9	16.7 13.	1 -35.1	12.5	57.5	-23.1	-8.1 3	0.1 20	.0 -2	5.6 14	0.7 ·	-0.1	6.8				
	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A																				
	Weiss Blue Chip Div Yield	5.3	18.5	-14.3	5.4	21.3 19.	2 7.6	26.9	27.9	-26.2	4.5 1	4.2 6	.4 1	3.6 4	B.9 -1	14.1	9.0				

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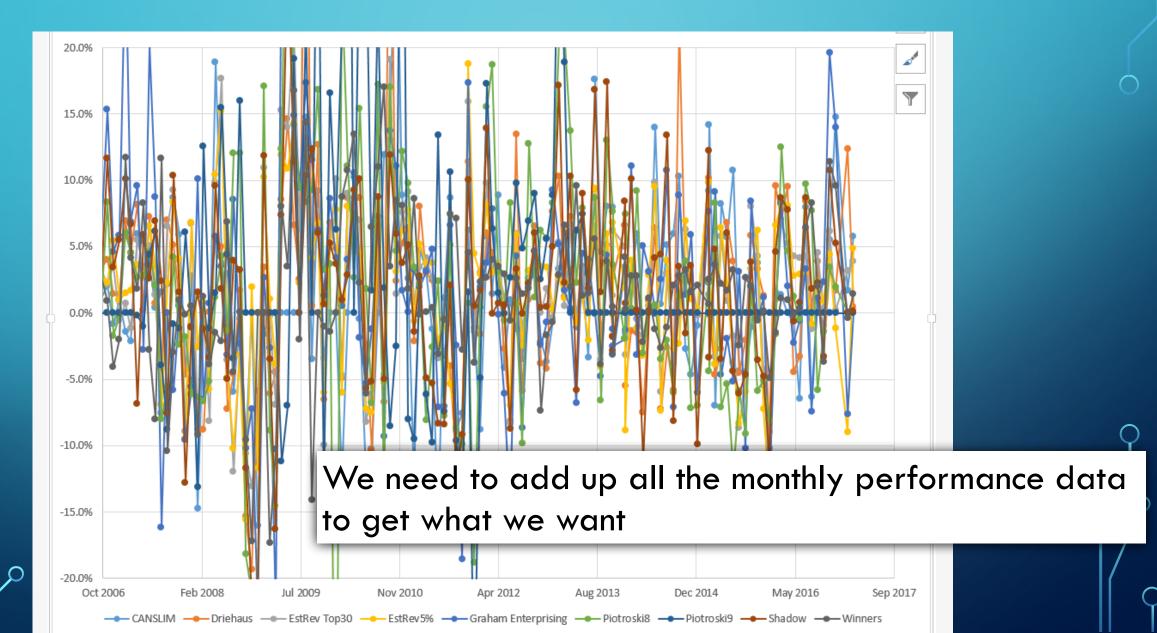
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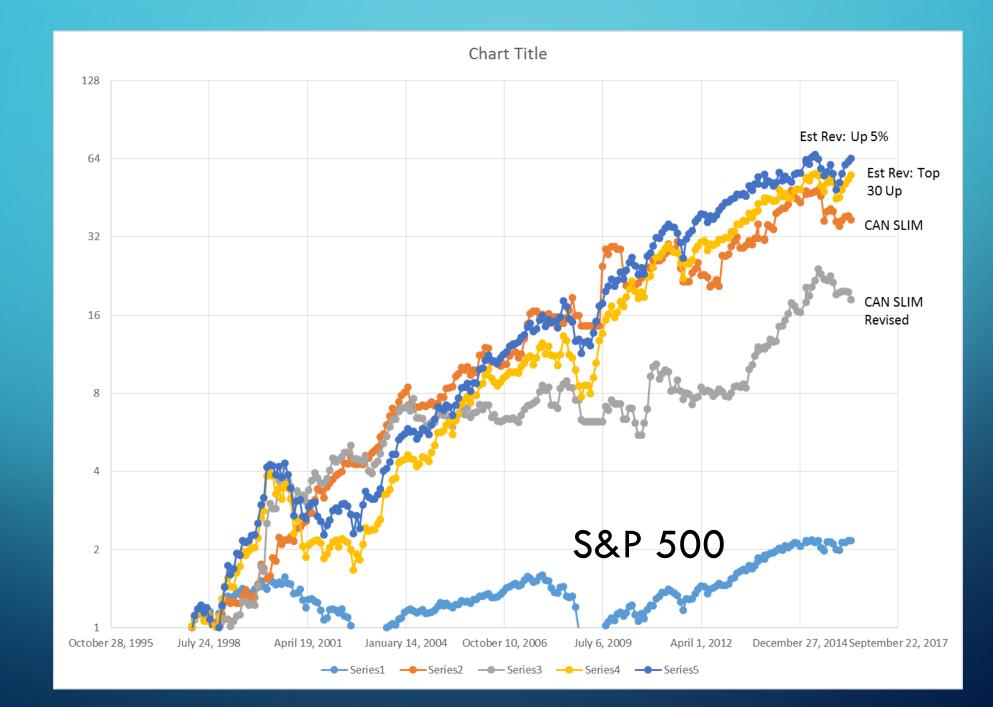
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AAll Strategi	es		E	F	G	Н	1	J	к	L	М	N	0	P	Q	R	S	т	U	V	×
3 4			Site						F	Price G	Gain (%)								Avg	
5	YTD* 2	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	Ann'l	
77 Muhlenkamp				-14.3	-3.0	-45.9	2.7		-24.5	-20.8	2.0	23.6	31.0	41.2	5.9	43.5	22.2	12.8	-6.6	0.5	
78 Oberweis Octagon		-19.1	-5.9	38.9		-14.7	78.4		-56.8	29.1	24.0	4.1	42.3		-17.5	20.2	18.4	33.4	15.6	13.0	
79 Stock Market Winners		19.2	9.7	34.8 59.5	13.6		124.6		-34.7	13.0	-5.5	25.9 23.1	9.6 54.1	131.5	32.1	41.6	27.6	21.7	-12.0	19.8	
80 Value on the MovePEG With Est Growth 81 Value on the MovePEG With Hist Growth	8.0 5.6	2.8	8.9 3.5	49.2	9.0 4.3	-0.3 1.0	29.7		-37.2 -38.3	29.5	<u>18.3</u> 9.1			87.0 50.1	7.9	34.8 22.4	22.9	<u>11.0</u> 18.0	2.1	18.5 13.8	
	3.0	0.7	3.5	43.2	4.5	1.0	31.7	23.3					32.3	30.1	12.1	22.4	13.4	10.0	1.0	13.0	
83	Price Gain (%)																A				
84 85 Earnings Estimates	YTD* 2	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	Avg Ann'l	
86 Dreman With Est Revisions	6.1	6.4	14.2	35.8	13.0	21.6	26.5	62.9	-37.1	4.3	39.8	9.3	35.0	69.2	16.6	-29.9	38.7	6.7	10.7	15.8	
87 Est Rev: Lowest 30 Down			-20.4	29.7		-34.1			-57.3	-28.3	26.0	-3.8	14.2		-60.6	22.7	-15.2	59.2	-15.8	0.5	
88 Est Rev: Down 5%	10.3	-9.6	-13.5	28.2		-31.1	30.3		-47.8	-24.7	26.1	2.5	8.0		-61.5	28.3	-4.2	27.8	-3.9	0.2	
89 Est Rev: Top 30 Up	19.2	5.9	8.3	42.1	21.9	-2.3	47.6	110.0	-31.1	26.2	22.4	38.7	27.3	88.6	9.8	-18.3	-0.7	82.8	44.6	24.6	
90 Est Rev: Up 5%	24.8	-0.1	1.1	27.7	28.8	6.1	35.9	86.3	-18.4	25.7	40.3	24.5	25.8	75.0	12.9	-8.1	3.6	107.1	43.3	25.7	
91 P/E Relative	14.8	-11.7	5.3	29.5	14.3	-1.9	29.6	51.8	-15.8	3.9	21.2	17.2	24.7	51.1	11.1	16.1	20.3	-6.0	26.5	14.9	
93	T								F	rice G	Gain (%	5)									
94																				Avg	
95 Specialty	YTD* 2	2015 🔅	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	Ann'l	
96 Insider Net Purchases	-15.5	-17.9	-11.9	21.5	11.5	-31.4	7.4	59.0	-51.7	-10.9	4.8	-14.6	33.5	86.8	-20.9	21.8	-38.3	7.5	nmf	-2.9	
98									F	rice G	Gain (%)									
99																				Avg	
100 Indexes	YTD* 2	2015 🔅	2014		2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999	1998	Ann'l	
101 S&P 500	6.3	-0.7	11.4	29.6	13.4	-0.0	12.8		-38.5	3.5	13.6	3.0	9.0	26.4	-23.4		-10.1	19.5	26.7	4.4	
102 S&P 500 Growth (TR)	6.3	5.5	14.9	35.5	14.6	4.7	15.0		-33.9	9.1	11.0	1.1	7.0		-28.1		-19.1	37.4	38.2	6.5	
103 S&P 500 Value (TR)	9.1	-3.1	12.5	33.7	17.7	-0.5	15.1	21.2	-38.5	2.0	15.3	8.7	15.0		-16.6	-8.2	-0.5	4.9	18.9	5.9	
104 S&P MidCap 400	11.5	-3.7	8.2	31.6	16.1	-3.1	24.9		-37.3	6.7	9.0	11.3	15.2		-15.4	-1.6	16.2	13.3	17.7	8.7	
105 S&P MidCap 400 Growth (TR)	10.4	2.0	7.6	32.8	15.8	-0.9	30.6		-36.9	13.5	5.8	14.4	15.8		-19.7	-2.6	15.8	36.1	37.2	11.7	
0 106 S&P MidCap 400 Value (TR) 107 S&P SmallCap 600	14.8 10.8	-6.7	12.1	34.3 39.7	20.1	-2.4	22.8 25.0		-33.4 -32.0	2.7	13.4	10.8 6.7	17.2	33.8	-9.4 -15.3	1.4 5.7	19.5 11.0	-2.6 11.5	3.7	8.6	
108 S&P SmallCap 600 108 S&P SmallCap 600 Growth (TR)	9.2	-3.4	3.9	42.6	14.0	-0.2 4.1	28.0		-32.0	-1.2	14.1	7.3	21.4	38.5		3.0	7.6	11.5	-2.1	7.9	
109 S&P SmallCap 600 Value (TR)	14.4	-6.7	7.5	35.6	17.8	-1.2	20.0		-32.2	-5.5	19.6	8.5	24.5	39.2		9.5		4.9	-0.1	8.5	
O 110 Dow Jones 30	5.8	-2.2	7.5	26.5	7.3	5.5	11.0		-20.5	6.4	16.3	-0.1	2.6		-12.5	-7.1	-6.2	25.2	16.1	4.7	
111 NASDAQ 100	3.0	8.4	17.9	35.0	16.8	2.7	19.2	53.5		18.7	6.8	1.5	10.4		-37.6	-32.7	-36.8		85.5	8.8	
Performance Table J				+						:	•										

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PLOTTING THE AAII EXCEL DATA LOOKS LIKE THIS

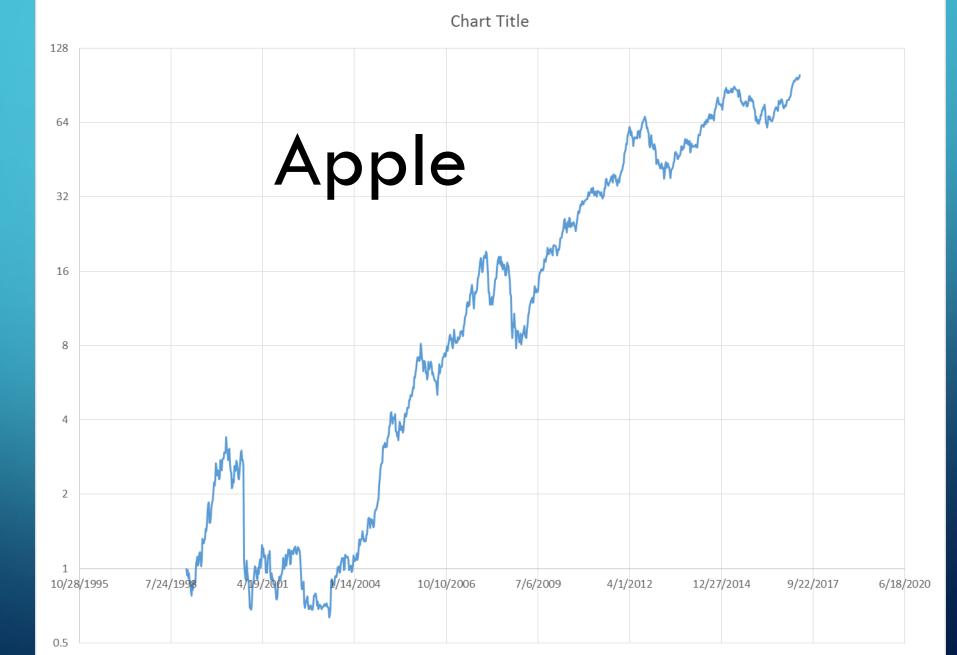




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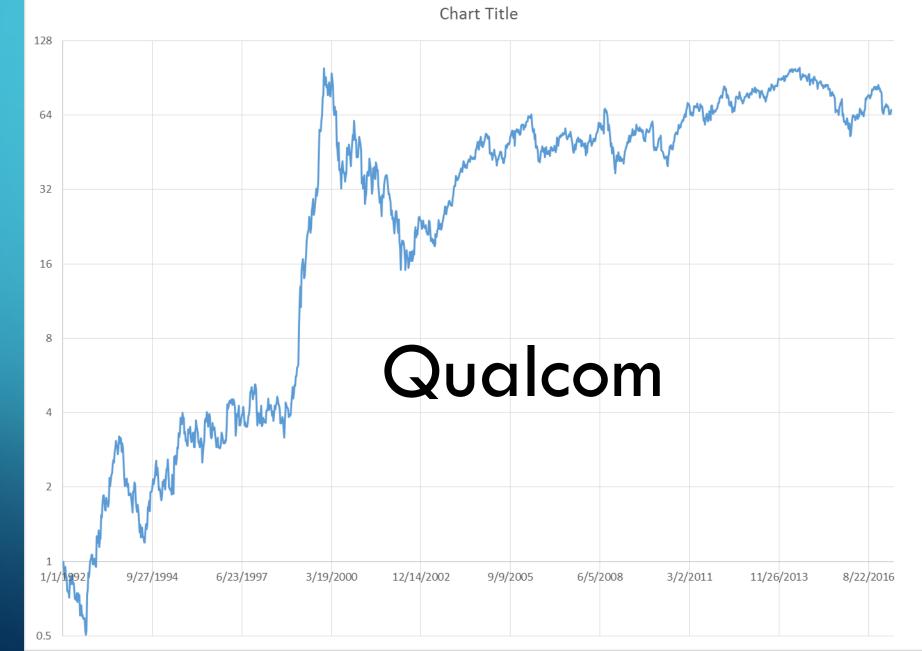
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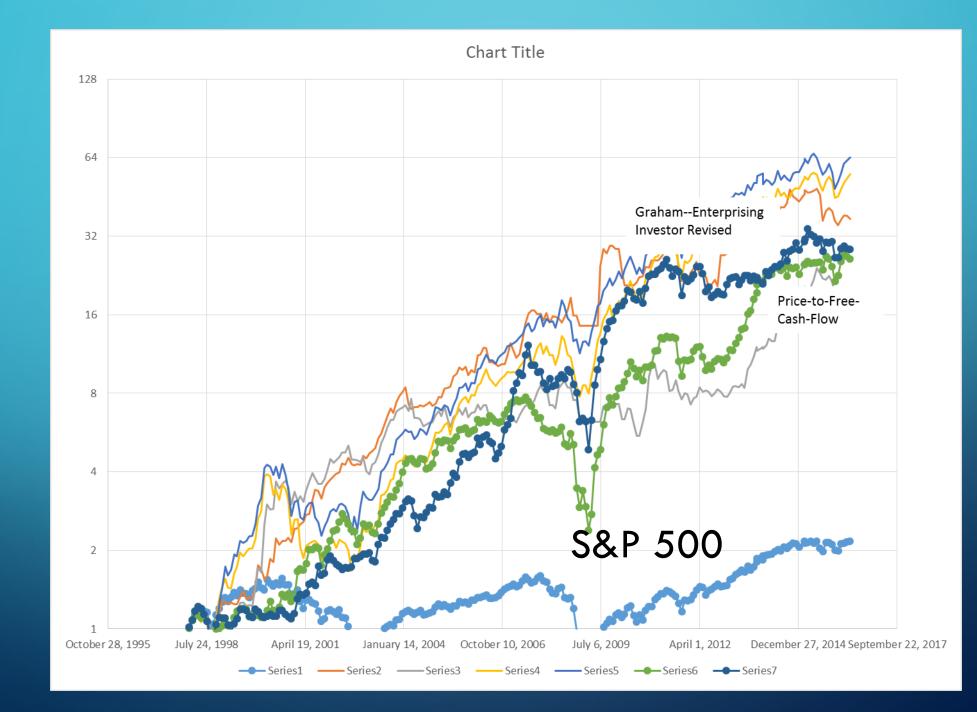
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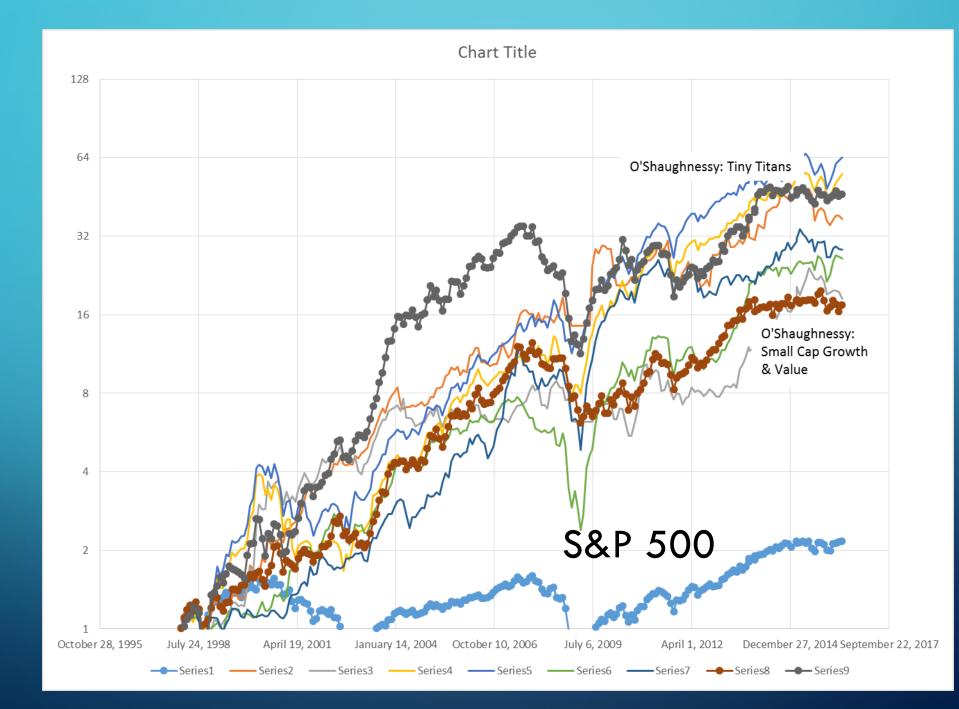
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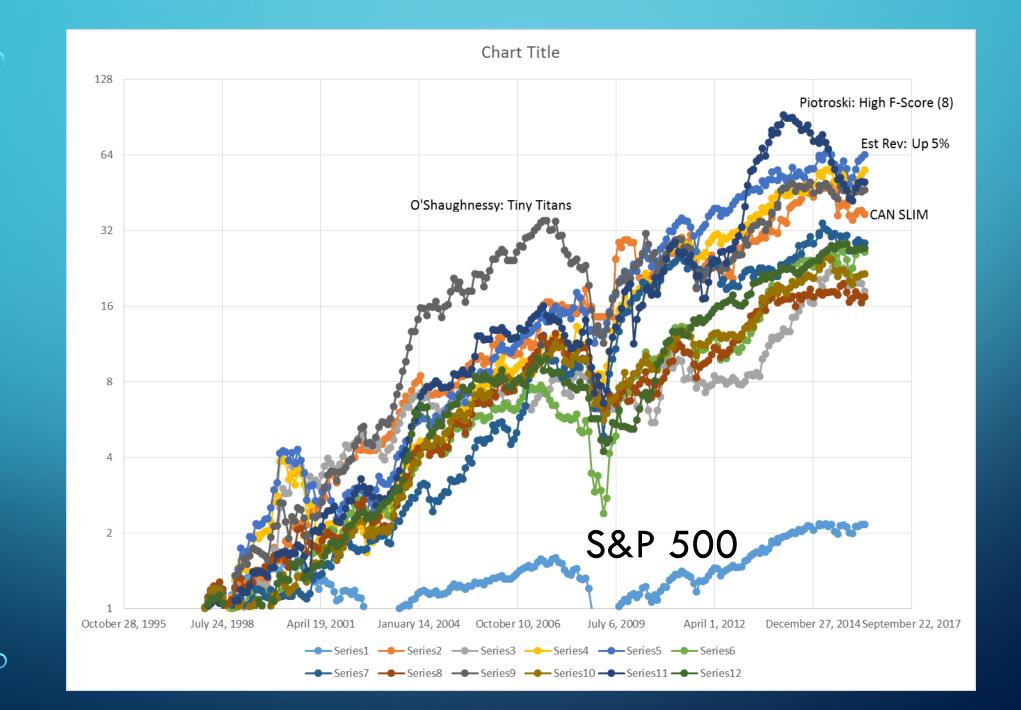
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			Ann	ual Price Gai	n (%)			
	Screen	<u>YTD</u>	<u>3 Yr</u>	<u>5 Yr</u>	<u>10 Yr</u>	Inception	<u>Risk Index</u>	1
1.	Est Rev: Top 30 Up - Introduction to the use of earnings estimates. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	11.5%	16.7%	18.5%	21.2%	23.3%	1.82	
2.	Est Rev: Up 5% - Introduction to the use of earnings estimates. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	0.4%	10.4%	12.4%	18.3%	23.3%	1.77	
3.	O'Shaughnessy: Tiny Titans - O'Shaughnessy tries to predict the future using historical long-term trends. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	-3.2%	4.5%	17.3%	5.4%	21.8%	1.91	Value W
4.	Piotroski: High F-Score - A study of low price-to-book-value stocks to see if it's possible to establish basic financial criteria to help separate the winners from the losers.	-8.7%	-17.0%	16.7%	13.7%	21.5%	2.08	
5.	O'Neil's CAN SLIM - An approach that combines both fundamental and technical factors to seek out companies with strong earnings and price momentum. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	al way 2.7%	/s to ge 10.7%	et ~20 15.8%	% 15.4%	21.3%	1.93	Growth W
6.	GrahamEnterprising Investor Revised - Credited as one of the fathers of in-depth security analysis, Graham's approach focuses on the concept of intrinsic value. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	-4.1%	17.7%	8.5%	14.4%	19.2 %	1.78	
7.	Stock Market Winners - A screen that tries to interpret and apply successful trading rules in the real market environment. » View the Strategy	-0.2%	17.8%	19.1%	15.1%	18.9%	1.44	Growt
8.	O'Neil's CAN SLIM Revised 3rd Edition - How to implement							

7.	Stock Market Winners - A screen that tries to interpret and apply successful trading rules in the real market environment. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	-0.2%	17.8%	19.1%	15.1%	18.9%	1.44	Grow
8.	O'Neil's CAN SLIM Revised 3rd Edition - How to implement William O'Neil's revised CAN SLIM approach to screen for fast-growing stocks. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	14.6 %	25.8%	24.9 %	14.7%	18.2 %	1.87	Growth V
9.	Price-to-Free-Cash-Flow - An exploration of the basics of cash flow analysis and the implementation of a price-to-free-cash-flow screen. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	0.8%	9.0%	20.1%	15.1%	18.1%	1.78	
10.	Value on the MovePEG With Est Growth - Using PEG ratios and price strength to find growth stocks trading at a reasonable price. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	3.3%	8.9%	14.1%	10.5%	17.5%	1.34	Grow
11.	O'Shaughnessy: Small Cap Growth & Value - O'Shaughnessy tries to predict the future using historical long-term trends. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	-0.2%	5.3%	12.6 %	6.9%	16.2%	1.53	Value V
12.	Zweig - A strategy that seeks to identify companies with strong growth, a reasonable price-earnings ratio and strong price action. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	10.6%	-5.0%	5.3%	-2.2%	15.5%	1.92	
13.	Neff - An approach using a stringent contrarian viewpoint—finding undervalued, out-of-favor stocks in the bargain basement that have an optimistic future. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	7.7%	-0.2%	6.3%	7.0%	15.4%	1.63	
14.	Dreman With Est Revisions - Utilizing contrarian stocks with upward earnings revisions. » View the Strategy	6.4%	11.3%	13.6%	13.2%	15.2%	1.35	

15.	O'Neil's CAN SLIM No Float - How to implement William O'Neil's revised CAN SLIM approach to screen for fast-growing stocks. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	0.5%	8.0%	9.2 %	6.4%	14.6%	1.38	Growth V
16.	O'Shaughnessy: Growth - O'Shaughnessy tries to predict the future using historical long-term trends. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	8.1%	6.5%	15.3%	7.1%	14.6%	1.51	Value V
17.	P/E Relative - A screen that looks at the relationship of a stock's price-earnings ratio to that of the industry and market. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	2.9%	5.6%	9.6%	11.0%	13.7%	1.15	
18.	Driehaus - Classic momentum approach that seeks out stocks that are rapidly rising in price with the belief that the rising price will attract other investors. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	18.1%	22.9%	20.8%	18.1%	13.5%	2.22	Growth V
19.	Buffett: Hagstrom - Hagstrom identifies 12 basic principles that a company should possess to be considered for purchase. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	7.3%	9.9%	11.6%	11.5%	13.5%	1.10	
20.	GrahamDefensive Investor (Non-Utility) - Credited as one of the fathers of in-depth security analysis, Graham's approach focuses on the concept of intrinsic value. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	-2.6%	-1.7%	6.8%	9.2 %	13.5%	1.39	
21.	Kirkpatrick Growth - Investing model outlined in Charles Kirkpatrick's book, Beat the Market: Invest by Knowing What Stocks to Buy and What Stocks to Sell. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	-4.2%	2.0%	2.0%	9.0%	13.2%	2.09	Growth V
22.	Value on the MovePEG With Hist Growth - Using PEG ratios and price strength to find growth stocks trading at a reasonable price. » View the Strategy	3.1%	12.0%	13.7%	9.7%	13.2%	1.07	Grow

	» <u>View the Strategy</u>							
23.	Price-to-Sales - Research indicates that using price-to-sales ratios may lead to better investment results than price- to-book-value ratios or price-earnings ratios. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	8.2%	9.9%	12.3%	8.5%	13.2%	1.34	
24.	MAGNET Simple - A blend of value, growth and momentum investing styles into a single stock selection model.	4.3%	6.1%	-7.6%	5.5%	13.0%	2.95	Grow
25.	Lakonishok - Identifying stocks trading at a discount to their industry norms but showing recent price strength and upward earnings revisions.	7.3%	13.6%	13.7%	13.6%	13.0%	1.21	Value V
26.	Foolish Small Cap 8 Revised - The Motley Fool's small-cap screen with recent revisions they've made to update the screen. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	0.0%	-8.1%	1.3%	-4.1%	11.8%	2.37	
27.	Fundamental Rule of Thumb - An old value screen combining the P/E ratio, dividend yield, and an adjusted return on equity that's still applicable in today's market. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	4.4%	3.9%	5.8%	3.2%	11.4%	1.70	
28.	Dual Cash Flow - An analysis that can provide advance notice that a company may be facing financial trouble, though earnings and sales appear strong.	4.6%	-2.7%	6.2%	2.6%	11.4%	1.55	
29.	S&P MidCap 400 Growth (TR)	5.1%	9.4%	14.3%	10.2%	11.0%	1.29	
30.	Return on Equity - A screen that identifies stocks with above average earnings and sales growth that have consistently outperformed their peers measured by ROE. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	0.9%	4.6%	6.6%	7.1%	10.7%	1.27	

	outperformed their peers measured by ROE. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	0.9%	4.0%	0.0%	7.1%	10.7%	1.27	
31.	Buffettology: Sustainable Growth - Buffett approach seeking consumer monopolies selling at a reasonable price. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	7.4%	12.2%	13.8%	11.4%	10.6%	1.28	
32.	Buffettology: EPS Growth - Buffett approach seeking consumer monopolies selling at a reasonable price.	9.3%	9.7%	13.9%	10.4%	10.3%	1.21	
33.	T. Rowe Price - Price's long-standing approach focuses on growth stocks but avoids over-glamorized stocks. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	7.4%	19.8%	13.5%	11.3%	10.1%	1.72	
34.	Oberweis Octagon - Oberweis Asset Management seeks out rapidly growing companies and invests in those they feel are attractively priced. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	-6.1%	1.4%	10.6%	3.4%	10.1%	1.94	Grow
35.	Dreman - Avoiding the psychological traps of the market by following the principles of contrarian investing. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	8.2%	6.4%	10.2%	4.0%	9.7%	1.25	
36.	Lynch - A strictly bottom-up approach, focusing on companies familiar to the investor.	4.9%	-7.8%	0.1%	2.4%	9.3%	1.27	
37.	Templeton - Favorable margins, consistent earnings growth and price-earnings ratios below historical norms. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	6.9%	7.4%	12.5 %	10.4%	9.3%	1.27	
38.	Weiss Blue Chip Div Yield - A conservative, blue-chip investment style with a value approach that emphasizes selecting stocks with favorable dividend yields.	5.3%	3.0%	7.7%	7.8%	9.0%	1.25	

	» <u>View the Strategy</u>							
39.	NASDAQ 100	11.8%	14.8%	14.6%	11.9%	8.9%	1.78	
40.	S&P SmallCap 600 Growth (TR)	2.4%	10.1%	14.5%	10.1%	8.8%	1.31	
41.	Rule #1 Investing - Adapted from Phil Town's Rule #1 book, this screen attempts to identify wonderful companies with attractive prices.	0.0%	-7.4%	2.4%	6.3%	8.8%	1.92	_
	» <u>View the Strategy</u>							
42.	All Exchange-Listed Stocks	4.8%	2.9%	9.3%	5.1%	8.8%	1.37	
43.	Cash Rich Firms - Locating firms with a high proportion of cash to share price.	-1.0%	1.2 %	8.2%	2.5%	8.8%	1.40	
44.	MAGNET Complex - A blend of value, growth and momentum investing styles into a single stock selection model. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	13.3%	-17.6%	-11.2%	-13.8%	8.7%	2.74	Grow
45.	Wanger (Revised) - First introduced in May 1997, this approach focuses on limiting the risks of investing in small-cap stocks. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	5.2%	10.6%	16.7%	9.1%	8.6%	1.45	
46.	O'Shaughnessy: All Cap - Growth-at-a-reasonable-price screen created by James O'Shaughnessy. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	-1.1%	5.8%	6.2%	3.0%	8.3%	1.47	Value V
47.	Kirkpatrick Value - Investing model outlined in Charles Kirkpatrick's book, Beat the Market: Invest by Knowing What Stocks to Buy and What Stocks to Sell. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	-4.4%	-7.8%	0.3%	-2.1%	8.2%	2.20	
48.	Foolish Small Cap 8 - The Motley Fool's Foolish 8 method for investing in small caps looks for profitable and rapidly growing companies with strong price momentum	-28.9%	-0.8%	3.0%	-1.5%	8.0%	2.39	Growth V

	» <u>View the Strategy</u>							
49.	S&P MidCap 400	3.6%	7.6%	11.6%	7.4%	7.9%	1.19	
	ADR Screen - An ADR stock screen seeks out foreign companies with attractive PEG ratios and increasing price strength. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	4.2%	7.6%	13.0%	3.8%	7.7%	1.47	Grow
51.	S&P MidCap 400 Value (TR)	3.2%	9.5%	14.3%	8.6%	7.7%	1.12	
52.	Dividend (High Relative Yield) - Using the dividend-yield approach to invest during volatile markets. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	1.0%	4.5%	11.6%	6.4%	7.5%	0.99	
	Magic Formula - Joel Greenblatt's investing approach is based on finding companies with high return on investment that are trading for less than they are worth.	0.1%	-6.1%	-1.0%	1.5%	7.5%	1.63	
54.	S&P SmallCap 600 Value (TR)	-0.4%	8.7%	13.2%	7.4%	7.4%	1.24	
55.	GrahamDefensive Investor (Utility) - Graham's approach							
	leads to three separate screens that focus on the concept of intrinsic value, justified by a firm's financial strength. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	6.3%	7.5%	7.9%	4.2%	7.3%	1.03	
	leads to three separate screens that focus on the concept of intrinsic value, justified by a firm's financial strength.	6.3% 1.4%	7.5% 4.8%	7.9% 7.5%	4.2% 6.1%	7.3% 7.1%	1.03 1.27	
56.	Ieads to three separate screens that focus on the concept of intrinsic value, justified by a firm's financial strength. » <u>View the Strategy</u> Inve\$tWare Quality Growth - The NAIC adopts a simple buy-and-hold, fundamental approach to growth investing.							

	» <u>view tile Strategy</u>							
59.	Schloss - This screen looks for stocks hitting new lows, trading at a price lower than book value per share, with no debt and high levels of insider ownership. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	-17.2%	-7.6%	-9.0%	-4.7%	6.8%	1.96	
60.	S&P 500 Growth (TR)	8.5%	11.5%	13.8%	9.4%	6.4%	1.10	
61.	O'Shaughnessy: Growth Market Leaders - O'Shaughnessy tries to predict the future using historical long-term trends. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	1.5%	4.6%	11.9%	3.8%	6.3%	1.24	Value V
62.	Fisher (Philip) - A perspective on the evolution of the investment philosophy of a successful money manager who learned from his mistakes.	21.6%	10.2%	7.8%	1.9%	5.6%	2.27	
63.	S&P 500 Value (TR)	3.3%	8.9%	12.7%	5.8%	5.4%	1.00	
64.	Dow Jones 30	4.6%	7.9%	9.4%	5.3%	4.4%	0.98	
65.	O'Shaughnessy: Value - Value screen created by James O'Shaughnessy based on his study of a wide range of value approaches. » View the Strategy	4.5%	0.2%	6.0%	-0.7%	4.3%	1.34	
66.	S&P 500	5.5%	8.1%	10.9%	5.2%	4.2%	1.00	
67.	Dogs of the Dow - Identifying contrarian plays among the Dow Jones industrial stocks. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	1.6%	9.3%	11.7%	3.4%	2.7%	1.21	
68.	Dogs of the Dow: Low Priced 5 - Identifying contrarian plays among the Dow Jones industrial stocks. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	0.7%	9.7%	13.6%	-0.1%	2.7%	1.55	

	Benchmark: S&P 500	6.5%	8.2%	11.3%	4.9%	4.8%	1.00	
75.	Murphy Technology - An approach that identifies technology stocks with high R&D spending, strong margins and growth, but selling at attractive values. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	3.8%	-12.2%	1.9%	-1.8%	-2.3%	2.73	
74.	Insider Net Purchases - A stock screen designed to find small-cap companies that have more stock purchased than sold by insiders.	-1.4%	-13.3%	-5.6%	-7.6%	-2.0%	1.92	
73.	Est Rev: Lowest 30 Down - Introduction to the use of earnings estimates.	0.9%	0.7%	4.2%	-1.5%	-0.9%	2.33	
72.	Est Rev: Down 5% - Introduction to the use of earnings estimates.	-2 .5%	-2.5%	1.2%	-2.0%	-0.4%	1.96	
71.	Muhlenkamp - Muhlenkamp uses a bottom-up approach to selecting stocks, but adjusts his benchmarks based upon the broad economic environment.	0.0%	-14.9%	-13.6%	-12.4%	0.2%	1.57	
70.	MAGNET Complex Revised - Jordan Kimmel's revised stock selection approach that blends value, growth and momentum investing styles into one model. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	0.4%	-9.5 %	-11.3%	-6.4%	2.0%	2.19	Grow
69.	MAGNET Simple Revised - Jordan Kimmel's revised stock selection approach that blends value, growth and momentum investing styles into one model. » <u>View the Strategy</u>	11.3%	-4.1%	-3.7%	-0.1%	2.3%	2.31	Grow
	» <u>View the Strategy</u>							

Details

Rebalancing period is Monthly

- Large amount of fees
 - 20 stocks * \$7*12months/year = \$1680/year
- FolioFN <u>https://www.folioinvesting.com/folioinvesting/home/</u> \$290/yr
 - Up to 2000 Window trades per month at no cost per trade
- Easy for Tax-deferred accounts (IRAs)
- Lots of accounting for Taxable accounts
- Actually much more practical than we would normally think • I am doing weekly rebalancing!

http://www.quant-investing.com/strategies/price-to-book-piotroski-f-score

What is the **Piotroski F-Score**

The <u>Piotroski F-Score</u> was developed by <u>Joseph D. Piotroski</u>

In 2000, he wrote a research paper called "<u>Value Investing: The Use of</u> <u>Historical Financial Statement Information to Separate Winners from Losers</u>" (pdf).

measure firm-specific returns as **ONE-YEAT** (two-year) buy-and-hold returns

All firms in the high BM universe (20% highest = 20% lowest price to book) have a market adjusted return of 5.9%

High Fscore (F8 and F9) have a market adjusted return 13.4% which is 7.5% better than the 5.9% (All firms in the high BM universe)

This is **13.4% better than the Universe of all stocks**

http://www.aaii.com/journal/article/adjustig-forthe-real-world-testing-variations of-piotoskis-screen?

"Piotroski's selection strategy looks like a winner, but it is hardly an investable strategy in the real world."

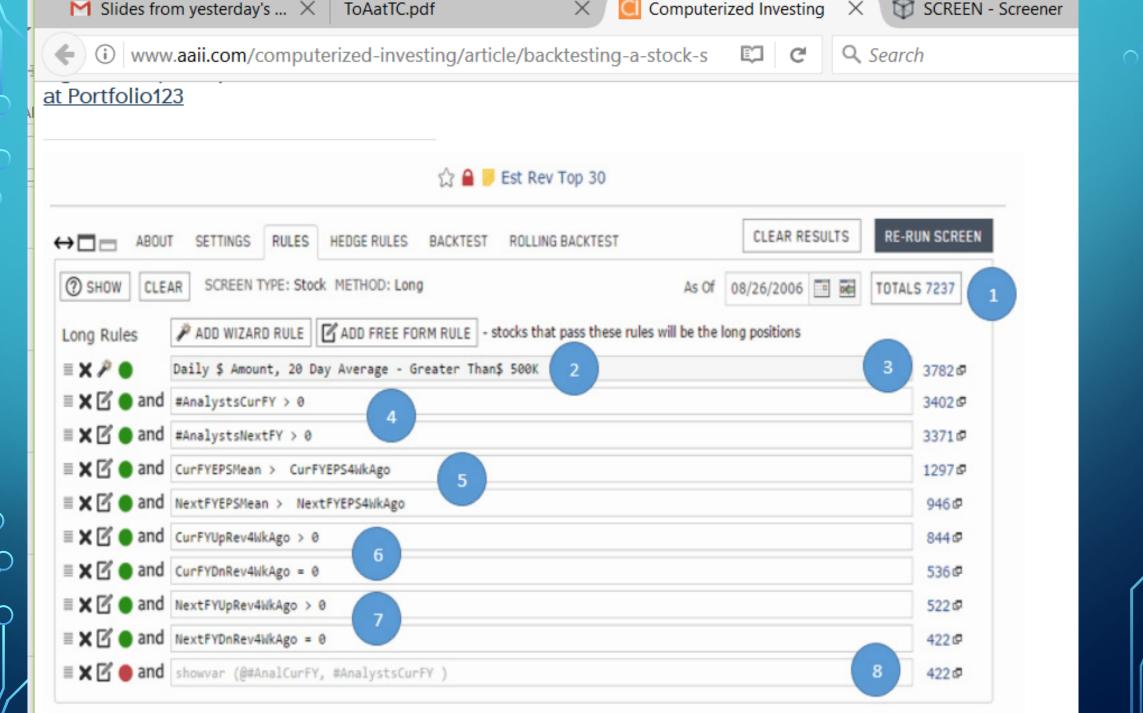
But it can be.

by <u>AI Zmyslowski</u> Backtesting the AAII Estimate Revisions Stock Screen January 21, 2017

Slippage

an investor would be fortunate to incur a cost of only 25 basis points (0.25%) for a round trip (sell-and-buy) transaction at this level of liquidity. Fifty basis points (0.5%) could very well be more reasonable. For this screen, traded monthly, trading costs could result in a 3% to 7% reduction in the compound annual growth rate (CAGR), certainly a significant amount.

this screen is relatively robust to starting dates.



- #2 enforces a liquidity check, specifically that a stock has traded at least \$500,000 per day over the last month. This term is added to all screens to ensure that the stocks are purchasable at a reasonable cost and in reasonable volume. Note that the AAII "Top 30 Up" screen does not have a specific liquidity check.
- One rule of thumb is that purchases should be limited to no more than 1% of daily trading volume so as to not cause undue pricing pressure on the stocks being purchased. In this case, this states that not more than \$5,000 of any stock should be purchased, resulting in a portfolio size limited to \$150,000 (30 stocks x \$5,000 per stock). This size portfolio is adequate to meet many individual investors' needs.

SHOWS THE RESULTS WHEN VARYING LEVELS OF TRADING COSTS (FIGURE 3, #2) ARE INCLUDED IN THE BACKTEST.

	CAGR, Zero	Avg.	CAGR, 25 BP	CAGR	, 50 BP	CAGR, 100 BP
Column1 🗾	trading cost 💌	Turnov	R/T Cost 💌	R/T	Cost 💌	R/T Cost 💌
Screen - Weekly	37.81%	43%	30.03%	Γ	23.23%	10.17%
Screen- 2 Weeks	31.08%	67%	25.27%		20.12%	10.06%
Screen- 4 Weeks	23.94%	95%	19.95%		16.40%	9.33%
Screen- 8 Weeks	18.53%	95%	16.62%		14.88%	11.34%
Screen- 13 Weeks	12.30%	91%	11.23%		10.25%	8.23%
Screen - Yearly	8.76%	89%	8.49%		8.25%	7.74%
S&P 500 Eq Weight	6.92%		6.92%		6.92%	6.92%

As shown in **Figure 8**, the 37.8% CAGR hoped for by trading weekly quickly turns into something much lower depending on the trading costs incurred.

FIGURE 9: VARYING NUMBER OF STOCKS HELD

	Ttl						Correl			
# Stocks Held 📃 💌	Return 💌	CAGR 🕶	Drawdown 💌	Sharpe 💌	Sortino 🕶	StdDev 💌	Bench 💌	R-Square 💌	Beta 💌	Alpha
Screen - 5	3383.34%	23.76%	-68.82%	0.76	1.06	34.49%	0.45	0.2	0.76	22.56
Screen - 10	4953.42%	26.56%	-56.35%	0.90	1.24	30.09%	0.51	0.26	0.75	23.66
Screen - 15	5080.05%	26.75%	-52.15%	0.94	1.30	28.09%	0.54	0.29	0.73	23.26
Screen - 20	5278.00%	27.03%	-48.01%	0.98	1.34	27.19%	0.55	0.31	0.73	23.26
Screen - 25	5310.84%	27.08%	-51.60%	1.00	1.37	26.26%	0.56	0.32	0.72	23.12
Screen - 30	3466.21%	23.94%	-53.21%	0.92	1.26	25.53%	0.57	0.33	0.71	19.95
Screen - 40	2772.49%	22.34%	-55.64%	0.89	1.22	24.71%	0.58	0.34	0.70	18.25
Screen - 50	2545.50%	21.73%	-53.88%	0.89	1.21	24.12%	0.59	0.35	0.69	17.55
Screen - 60	1746.34%	19.13%	-54.70%	0.81	1.10	23.75%	0.59	0.35	0.68	14.99
Screen - 70	1506.51%	18.14%	-55.23%	0.78	1.06	23.31%	0.60	0.36	0.68	13.97
Screen - 80	1481.89%	18.03%	-54.67%	0.79	1.07	23.08%	0.60	0.37	0.68	13.81
Screen - 90	1573.34%	18.43%	-54.59%	0.81	1.10	22.83%	0.61	0.37	0.67	14.18
Screen - 100	1516.27%	18.19%	-54.01%	0.80	1.09	22.57%	0.61	0.37	0.67	13.92
S&P 500 Eq Weight	204.21%	6.91%	-60.83%	0.37	0.52	20.60% -			-	

Most strategies perform best with a small number of stocks, typically 5 to 15, unlike the hundreds of stocks usually held by a mutual fund or ETF https://www.portfolio123.com for fast, easy and powerful back testing

It is not cheap 99\$/month Al Z has been using it for years I just started in April 2017

(35\$/month plan, but not for serious work)



Summary cartoons

Carl Richards

